

Board of Director's Meeting Agenda

Meeting Date/Time: February 20, 2025 - 6:30pm – 9:00pm

Location: Ann Arbor District Library (4th Floor)

Virtual attendance available via <u>Zoom</u> Passcode: 983308

Members: Kathleen Mozak (Chair), Mike Allemang (Treasurer), Jesse Miller (Secretary), Chris Allen, Simi Barr, Rich Chang, Julie Grand, Susan Pollay, Kyra Sims

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1. OPENING ITEMS			
1.1 Approve Agenda	D	Mozak	
1.2 Public Comment	0		
1.3 General Announcements	0		
2. CONSENT AGENDA			
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2.2 Committee Meeting Summaries	D		11
3. EMERGENT ITEMS			
3.1 Audit Presentation and Vote to Receive	D	Reed/Plante Moran	18
4. OWNERSHIP LINKAGE			
4.1 Ownership Linkage Task Force Updates	0	Chang	Verbal
5. MONITORING			
5.1 Board Management Delegation (4.0-4.4)	М	Mozak	20
6. POLICY DEVELOPMENT			
6.1 Policy Language Discussion (if needed)	0	Mozak	Verbal
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6.3 Board Annual Plan of Work	D	Mozak	35
7. BOARD EDUCATION / DISCUSSION			
7.1 Innovation and Trends	0	Carpenter	39
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8.1 FY25 Q1 Financial Report	0	Reed	60
8.2 CEO Report	0	Carpenter	64
8.3 Legislative Updates	0	Carpenter/Pfeifer	Verbal
9. CLOSING ITEMS			
9.1 Action Item Recap	0	Holt	
9.2 Topics for Next Meeting			
FY25 Q1 Service Report		Thursday,	
Global Executive Limitations (2.0)		March 20, 2025	
Financial Conditions & Activities (2.5)		,	
Cash & Investments (2.6)			
Board Annual Plan of Work			
Future:			
Determining Reasonableness			
Ridership and Coverage			
9.3 Public Comment	0		
9.4 Adjournment			

* M = Monitoring, D = Decision Preparation, O = Other



If additional policy development is desired:

Discuss in Board Agenda Item 3.0 Policy Monitoring and Development. It may be appropriate to assign a committee or task force to develop policy language options for board to consider at a later date.

Emergent Topics

Policy 3.1.3 places an emphasis on distinguishing Board and Staff roles, with the Board focusing on "long term impacts outside the organization, not on the administrative or programmatic means of attaining those effects." Policy 3.1.3.1 specifies that that Board use a structured conversation before addressing a topic, to ensure that the discussion is appropriately framed:

- 1. What is the nature of the issue? Is the issue within the scope of the agency?
- 2. What is the value [principle] that drives the concern?
- 3. Whose issue is this? Is it the Board's [Policy, 3.0 and 4.0] or the CEO's [running the organization, 1.0 and 2.0]?
- 4. Is there already a Board policy that adequately covers the issue? If so, what has the Board already said on this subject and how is this issue related? Does the Board wish to change what it has already said?



Board of Director's Meeting Minutes

Meeting Date/Time: January 23, 2025 - 6:30pm - 9:00pm

Location: Riverside Arts Center – 76 N. Huron Street, Ypsilanti, MI (4th Floor)

Virtual attendance available via Zoom

Members Present: Kathleen Mozak (Chair), Mike Allemang (Treasurer), Jesse Miller (Secretary), Chris Allen, Simi Barr, Rich Chang, Julie Grand, Susan Pollay, Kyra Sims

Members Absent: Mike Allemang (Excused)

Chairwoman Mozak called the meeting to order at 6:30pm

Agenda Item			
1. OPENING ITEMS			
1.1 Approve Agenda			
No additions or changes noted to the agenda.			
Mr. Chang motioned to approve the agenda, seconded by Mr. Allen.			
No discussion on the motion.			
All in favor of approving the agenda:			
Mr. Chris Allen: Yes Mr. Simi Barr: Yes Mr. Rich Chang: Yes Ms. Julie Grand: Yes Mr. Jesse Miller: Yes Ms. Susan Pollay: Yes Ms. Kyra Sims: Yes Chairwoman Kathleen Mozak: Yes			
The motion to approve the agenda passed unanimously 1.2 Public Comment			
Robert Pawlowski commented on the SEMCOG data used within the Ends monitoring report and questioned if the data was skewed as not all parts of Washtenaw County are within the service area. He asked it to be clarified to shore more accurate data.			
1.3 General Announcements			
Chairwoman Mozak shared that the Audit Task-Force would be meeting in early February. She also shared that Monica Ross-Williams – Ypsilanti Township representative – had resigned. Chairwoman Mozak thanked her for time served on the Board.			

2. CONSENT AGENDA

2.1 Board Meeting Minutes December 19, 2024

2.2 Committee Meeting Summaries

2.3 FY 2026 State Application Resolution (Required Approvals)

Mr. Miller motioned to accept the Consent Agenda, seconded by Ms. Pollay.

No discussion on the motion.

All in favor of accepting the Consent Agenda:

Mr. Chris Allen: Yes Mr. Simi Barr: Yes Mr. Rich Chang: Yes Ms. Julie Grand: Yes Mr. Jesse Miller: Yes Ms. Susan Pollay: Yes Ms. Kyra Sims: Yes Chairwoman Kathleen Mozak: Yes

The motion to accept the Consent Agenda passed unanimously.

3. OWNERSHIP LINKAGE

3.1 Ownership Linkage Task Force Updates

Mr. Chang provided the Board with an update on OLTF meetings. In January they had met with representatives from Ypsilanti Township. In February, they will be meeting with representatives from the City of Ypsilanti.

4. MONITORING

4.1 Ends Monitoring Report

The Ends Monitoring Report was introduced and discussed at the December Board meeting and committees were given the opportunity for additional review before a final vote on the report.

Mr. Miller shared that the Service Committee had a thorough discussion on policies 1.1 and 1.3 and the reasonableness of the CEO interpretations. The Ends policies will be discussed and reviewed in 2025 and specific questions about policy language can be deferred until the review has taken place.

Mr. Allen shared that the Finance Committee had reviewed the Ends Monitoring Report and found it to be satisfactory with no recommended changes or feedback.

No other Board member input was received.

Mr. Allen motioned to accept the Ends (Policy 1.0) monitoring report as (A) a reasonable interpretation for all policy items and that the evidence demonstrates compliance with the interpretations seconded by Ms. Sims

There was no discussion on the motion.

All in favor of accepting Ends (Policy 1.0) monitoring report as (A):

Mr. Chris Allen: Yes Mr. Simi Barr: Yes Mr. Rich Chang: Yes Ms. Julie Grand: Yes Mr. Jesse Miller: Yes Ms. Susan Pollay: Yes Ms. Kyra Sims: Yes Chairwoman Kathleen Mozak: Yes

The motion to accept the Ends (Policy 1.0) monitoring report as (A) a reasonable interpretation for all policy items and that the evidence demonstrates compliance with the interpretations, passed unanimously.

5. POLICY DEVELOPMENT

5.1 Policy Language Discussion (if needed)

The Board will be reviewing the Ends Monitoring Report in detail in the upcoming year and Board members agreed that any policy language questions or concerns would be brought forth at the time of the review.

5.2 Policy Language Recommendation (2.1.3)

Mr. Miller shared that the Service Committee had been tasked with reviewing the language of policy 2.1.3 to determine if the policy should focus on safety outcomes rather than training inputs.

Original policy language:

2.1.3 (CEO shall not)...Operate without established and enforceable standards for customer service and the safety of the public including pedestrians, cyclists and other road users.

The committee recommended proposed revised language to change the policy to:

2.1.3 CEO shall not operate in a manner that jeopardizes the safety of the traveling public.

Ms. Grand motioned to accept the proposed revised language for policy 2.1.3, seconded by Mr. Chang.

There was no discussion on the motion.

All in favor of accepting the proposed revised language for policy 2.1.3:

Mr. Chris Allen: Yes Mr. Simi Barr: Yes Mr. Rich Chang: Yes Ms. Julie Grand: Yes Mr. Jesse Miller: Yes Ms. Susan Pollay: Yes Ms. Kyra Sims: Yes Chairwoman Kathleen Mozak: Yes The motion to accept the proposed revised language for policy 2.1.3 passed unanimously.

The Board Policy Manual will be updated to reflect the revision.

5.3 Board Annual Plan of Work

Board members reviewed the 2024 work plan and discussed potential additions for the creation of a 2025 work plan. Members emphasized the importance of understanding community trends and how they impact ridership and coverage.

After a robust discussion, the draft work plan is as follows:

Policy Topics / Decisions Ends Review Sustainability Determining Reasonableness Ownership Value / Affordability & Property Taxes

Education Topics Funding (Federal, State, Local / POSA's) Ridership / Coverage (Title VI, Equity) Post Pandemic Ridership Trends UM2050 Land Use Al

Chairwoman Mozak concluded the discussion noting that Board members would have time to reflect on the draft work plan before it is brought forward for a vote at the February Board meeting.

5.4 Frequency of Monitoring Reports Proposal

Mr. Carpenter shared a proposed amendment to Appendix A of the Policy Manual with changes to the frequency of some monitoring reports. Some monitoring reports will change from annual monitoring to every two years.

Mr. Chang motioned to accept the proposed updates to the frequency of monitoring reports, seconded by Ms. Sims.

There was discussion on the motion after which Mr. Chang revised his motion to accept the proposed updates with an adjustment to Policy 2.11 which will remain annually monitored, seconded by Ms. Grand.

There was no discussion on the revised motion.

All in favor of accepting the proposed updates to the frequency of monitoring reports with an adjustment to Policy 2.11 which will remain annually monitored:

Mr. Chris Allen: Yes Mr. Simi Barr: Yes Mr. Rich Chang: Yes Ms. Julie Grand: Yes Mr. Jesse Miller: Yes Ms. Susan Pollay: Yes Ms. Kyra Sims: Yes Chairwoman Kathleen Mozak: Yes

The motion to accept the proposed updates to the frequence of monitoring reports, with an adjustment to Policy 2.11 which will remain annually monitored, passed unanimously.

The Board Policy Manual will be updated.

6. BOARD EDUCATION / DISCUSSION

6.1 Low-No Update

Ms. Reed shared an update with the Board related to the Now-No Grant and recent Executive Orders affecting federal funding disbursements. Board members expressed concerns related to the impact on manufacturers, the supply chain and the ability to purchase buses. Ms. Reed noted that staff are continuing to work on obligating the funds and are monitoring the situation closely. She will be providing updates to keep the Board informed about any policy changes.

6.2 Procurement Manual Change Notification

Ms. Whitlow and Ms. Flagler presented an update on procurement manual changes (<u>January 23, 2025, Board of Director's meeting packet page 89</u>) as required within the Board policies manual. Updates included: an increase to purchase approval thresholds for managers went from \$15k to \$20k and an increase of \$25 to \$200 for petty cash. The changes are in alignment with other internal process improvements which will be reflected in the updated Procurement Manual.

7. OPERATIONAL UPDATES

7.1 CEO Report

Mr. Carpenter shared information on the arrival of new Gillig buses with 6 more waiting to be completed. The organization also recently donated several old buses to Jackson Transit Authority. He also shared a follow up to Board questions about the planning of a potential Senior millage at the county level and noted that he will continue to provide the Board updates on the status of that millage planning process.

8. EMERGENT ITEMS

No emergent items noted.

9. CLOSING ITEMS

9.1 Action Item Recap

- Staff will be purchasing copies of the book "Human Transit" for Board members
- Mr. Chang will be compiling data on poling locations within the service area for Board members
- Work plan topic suggestions will be compiled further discussion at February Board meeting

9.2 Topics for Next Meeting

FY25 Q1 Financial Report Global Executive Limitations (2.0) Financial Conditions & Activities (2.5) Board Annual Plan of Work Procurement Manual Update Notification Future: Determining Reasonableness

9.3 Public Comment

Robert Pawlowski spoke of the concern about federal funding and the need for local funding strategies – such as tourism taxes or funding from local universities - that would support operations and projects. He also spoke of the importance of long-term planning and called for a proactive approach to future funding challenges to ensure the sustainability of transit operations.

9.4 Adjournment

Mr. Miller motioned to adjourn the meeting seconded by Mr. Chang.

There was no discussion on the motion.

All in favor of adjourning the meeting:

Mr. Chris Allen: Yes Mr. Simi Barr: Yes Mr. Rich Chang: Yes Ms. Julie Grand: Yes Mr. Jesse Miller: Yes Ms. Susan Pollay: Yes Ms. Kyra Sims: Yes Chairwoman Kathleen Mozak: Yes

The motion to adjourn the meeting passed unanimously.

Chairwoman Mozak adjourned the meeting at 9:43pm

Respectfully Submitted by Deborah Hol

Attachment 1: MDOT Resolution

Resolution 01/2025

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

OF THE

ANN ARBOR AREA TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

THE APPROVED RESOLUTION OF INTENT TO APPLY FOR STATE FORMULA OPERATING ASSISTANCE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026 UNDER ACT 51 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1951, AS AMENDED

WHEREAS, pursuant to Act 51 of the Public Acts of 1951, as amended (Act 51), it is necessary for the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority (AAATA) established under Act 55 of 1955 to provide a local transportation program for the state fiscal year of 2026 and, therefore, apply for state financial assistance under provisions of Act 51; and

WHEREAS, it is necessary for the AAATA, to name an official representative for all public transportation matters, who is authorized to provide such information as deemed necessary by the State Transportation Commission or department for its administration of Act 51; and

WHEREAS, it is necessary to certify that no changes in eligibility documentation have occurred during the past state fiscal year; and

WHEREAS, the performance indicators for this agency have been reviewed and approved by the governing body; and

WHEREAS, the AAATA, has reviewed and approved the proposed balanced budget and funding sources of estimated federal funds \$35,466,213, estimated state funds \$26,945,433, estimated local funds \$49,350,872, with total estimated expenses of \$111,762,518.

NOW THEREFORE, be it resolved that the AAATA hereby makes its intentions known to provide public transportation services and to apply for state financial assistance with this annual plan, in accordance with Act 51; and

HEREBY, appoints Matthew Carpenter as the Transportation Coordinator, for all public transportation matters, who is authorized to provide such information as

deemed necessary by the State Transportation Commission or department for its administration of Act 51 for 2026.

Kathleen M. Mozak, Chair

January 23, 2025

I, <u>Jesse Miller</u>, Secretary of AAATA, having custody of the records of the proceedings of AAATA, do hereby certify that I have compared this resolution adopted by AAATA at the meeting of January 23, 2025, with the original minutes now on file and of record in the office and that this resolution is true and correct.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have here unto set my hand and affixed seal of said AAATA this 23rd day of January 2025.

Jesse Miller, Secretary



Governance Committee Meeting Notes

Meeting Date/Time: Thursday, January 30, 2025 – 3:00 – 5:00pm

Members Present: Kathleen Mozak (Chair), Mike Allemang, Jesse Miller, Rich Chang

Staff: Matt Carpenter, Dina Reed, Forest Yang, George Brooks, Jeff Pfeifer, Deb Holt

Location: REMOTE – Via Zoom

Chairwoman Mozak called the meeting to order at 3:00pm

Agenda Item

1. OPENING ITEMS

1.1 Agenda (Additions, Approval)

Mr. Allemang requested the addition of the discussion of developing federal government changes and impacts. Chairwoman Mozak noted the addition of DC Updates would be placed under Emergent Items. She also noted that 3.1 Determining Reasonableness would be deferred to a future meeting. Mr. Chang also requested the addition of Monitoring Report Worksheet Template be added after agenda item 3.3.

1.2 Communications

Mr. Pfiefer shared an update that local representative Jason Morgan was named to the state Appropriations Committee and Vice Chair of the Transportations Appropriations Committee. Another local representative, Jimmie Wilson was also named to the Transportation Appropriations Committee.

Mr. Miller shared that he recently attended TRU's Annual State of Transit in Detroit – Mr. Carpenter and Mr. Pfeifer were also in attendance.

2. BOARD DEVELOPMENT

2.1 Recruitment / Training / Attendance

Chairwoman Mozak shared that Ypsilanti Township is currently actively recruiting to fill their vacant position on the Board.

Policy Governance Bootcamp will be taking place in May in Ann Arbor – several Board members have been registered to attend.

Chairwoman Mozak also noted that for the February Governance Committee meeting, an update on Board member attendance / participation would be shared.

2.2 OLTF and Ypsi Township Debrief

Mr. Chang briefly shared his insight on the meeting with Ypsilanti Township and the next steps as they seek to fill the Board vacancy. OLTF has a meeting scheduled in February to meet with the City of Ypsilanti and an update will follow once that meeting has taken place.

2.3 Board Annual Plan of Work (Intro)

Committee members reviewed the Annual Plan of Work topics that were suggested and discussed at the January Board Meeting. Staff had updated / distributed the table of topics and the committee agreed it would be presented to the Board at the February Board meeting.

3. POLICY MONITORING & DEVELOPMENT

3.1 Determining Reasonableness Deferred to future meeting

3.2 Board Management Delegation (4.0-4.4)

The committee reviewed and discussed the board self-assessment which gauges how well the Board complies with its policies. Comments within the survey reflected a positive selfassessment from Board members. One area of discussion was with policy 2.2.2 - Mr. Miller suggested the Board have a clearer policy on how to handle informal evaluations / congratulations. He also suggested an update to language within the survey.

3.3 Sustainability Policy Process

Mr. Miller updated the committee on the Service Committee reviewing the sustainability policy and the importance of aligning sustainability goals with the annual plan of work. A conversation about whether the sustainability policy is an End or Executive Limitation was suggested and the committee determined the topic would be discussed with governance consultant, Sue Radwan.

3.4 Monitoring Report Worksheet Template

Mr. Chang shared a suggestion for updating the monitoring report surveys – staff will look at the surveys and update, accordingly.

4. STRATEGY & OPERATIONAL UPDATES: CEO 4.1 On-Demand Services Contracting Increases

Mr. Carpenter shared recent changes with Flex Ride services transitioning to a new contractor, Via and potential budget issues due to increased ridership. Ms. Reed noted that the situation will be monitored closely.

5. EMERGENT ITEMS

5.1 DC Updates

The committee discussed recent changes within the federal government that may impact the agency.

6. CLOSING ITEMS

6.1 Committee Agendas

Service Committee agenda – add Sustainability Policy Discussion Launch to agenda, no other changes noted.

Finance Committee agenda – No changes noted.

Board of Director's meeting agenda - Add Recommended Policy Language: 2.1.2 & 2.1.3.1

6.2 Action Item Recap

- Mr. Carpenter / Mr. Pfeifer reach out to Ypsilanti Township re: Board member vacancy
- Mr. Chang scheduling OLTF meeting
- Staff will gather attendance/participation data for the next meeting
- Updates will be made to Service and Board Meeting agendas
- Updates to survey response form

6.3 Topics for Next Meeting

Board Annual Plan of Work Board Attendance / Participation

Future:

Election Fares, Equity, Parliamentary Procedure, Park & Ride Updates, Advocacy & Regionalism, UM 2050, Governance Training Options, Policy Manual Mock-up, Determining Reasonableness

6.4 Adjournment

Chairwoman Mozak thanked the committee and staff and adjourned the meeting at 4:46pm.

Respectfully Submitted by Deborah Holt



Service Committee Meeting Notes

Meeting Date/Time: February 4, 2025, 3:00pm – 5:00 pm

Members: Jesse Miller (Chair), Simi Barr, Rich Chang, Susan Pollay **Staff:** Matt Carpenter, George Brooks, Jeff Pfeifer, Deb Holt

Location: REMOTE – Via Zoom

Mr. Miller called the meeting to order at 3:04pm

Agenda Item

1. OPENING ITEMS

1.1 Agenda (Additions, Approval)

No additions or changes noted to the agenda.

1.2 Communications

Mr. Miller shared that he will be stepping down as Service Committee Chair. Chairwoman Mozak will be in contact with committee members to gauge any interest in filling the position.

2. POLICY MONITORING & DEVELOPMENT

2.1 Review 2.1.2 and 2.1.3.1

During recent monitoring of Policy 2.1 – Treatment of the Traveling Public – the CEO had noted potential redundancy with language in two policies. Mr. Carpenter outlined the similarities and provided several suggested options for a revision. Governance consultant Sue Radwan also participated in the discussion by suggesting combining the two policies into one.

After a robust conversation, the committee determined they will bring forth the following policy language revisions changes to the Board for consideration / vote:

Revise:

2.1.2 Operate without providing effective, comprehensible, accessible, and timely information with respect to services offered and safe, respectful conduct.

Remove:

2.1.3.1 Allow the public and riders to be without easily accessible, understandable information with respect to services offered and expected conduct

2.2 Environmental Policy Launch Discussion

Mr. Miller initiated a discussion on the topic of environmental policy, specifically focusing on the distinction between Policy ends and Executive Limitations and if the policy should be addressed as an End.

Ms. Radwan shared that policy Ends should identify the change one wishes to see, while Executive Limitations should limit the CEO's unilateral authority in making program and service choices. She suggested revising the current policy to better reflect the desired environmental impact.

After a thorough discussion, the committee determined they will seek guidance from the Governance Committee on how to move forward with the sustainability policy.

3. STRATEGY & OPERATIONAL UPDATES: CEO 4. CLOSING ITEMS

4.1 Action Item Recap

 Suggested language revision to policy 2.1.2 and removal of policy 2.1.3.1 for February Board meeting

4.2 Topics for the Next Meeting

Q1 Service Report

Future: Environmental Policy, Determining Reasonableness

4.3 Adjournment

Mr. Miller thanked the committee and staff and adjourned the meeting at 5:00pm.

Respectfully Submitted by Deborah Holt



Finance Committee Meeting Notes

Meeting Date/Time: Tuesday, February 11, 2025 - 3:00 - 5:00pm

Members Present: Mike Allemang (Chair/Treasurer), Chris Allen, Kyra Sims, Julie Grand, Kathleen Mozak Staff: Matt Carpenter, Dina Reed, Forest Yang, Andy Huber, Deb Holt Location: REMOTE – Via Zoom

Mr. Allemang called the meeting to order at 3:03pm

Agenda Item				
1. OPENING ITEMS				
1.1 Agenda (Additions, Approval)				
Mr. Carpenter requested the addition of Agenda item 3.3 Executive Orders. No other changes were noted to the agenda.				
1.2 Communications				
Mr. Allemang welcomed the auditors from Plante Moran.				
2. POLICY MONITORING & DEVELOPMENT				
3. STRATEGY AND OPERATIONAL UPDATES				
3.1 Audit Update				
Ms. Reed shared that the draft version of the audit that was provided to the committee has had minor changes, and the official version has been finalized and will be presented to the entire Board at the February 20 th Board meeting.				
The auditors shared that the audit process went smoothly, and the financial statements audit resulted in an unmodified option which is the highest level of assurance. The federal awards audit also went well with no findings or exceptions. One recommendation was regarding administrative access over payroll software.				
Committee members expressed appreciation at the thoroughness and quality of the audit and satisfaction with the positive outcome.				

3.2 FY 25 Q1 Financial Report

Ms. Reed provided the FY25 Q1 Financial Report which shows TheRide operated within the budget with a \$.8 million surplus of revenues over expenses at the end of the first quarter. She noted that unfilled staff positions contributed to lower expenses than budgeted and showed revenues were close to projected expectations.

Reserves are as follows: Operating \$12.9 million, Capital \$33.3 million and insurance \$.5 million.

Pandemic relief funds were fully obligated at the end of FY24 and no additional pandemic relief funds are budgeted or expected.

3.3 Executive Orders

Mr. Carpenter provided an update on recent Executive Orders at the federal level.

4 CLOSING ITEMS

4.1 Action Item Recap

 Auditors from Plante Moran will be providing an overview of the audit to the Board at the February 20th Board meeting.

4.2 Topics for Next Meeting

Financial Conditions & Activities (2.5) Cash & Investments (2.6)

Future Meeting: Determining Reasonableness Gas Tax information / update

4.3 Adjournment

Mr. Allemang thanked the committee and staff and adjourned the meeting at 4:37pm.

Respectfully submitted by Deborah Holt





Audit Task Force / Audit Report

Finance Committee Meeting Date: February 11, 2025

Board Meeting Date: February 20, 2025

INFORMATION TYPE

By Motion, vote to receive as information the annual audit in support of policy 3.8.1.2.

RECOMMENDED ACTION(S)

By Motion, vote to receive as information the annual audit in support of policy 3.8.1.2.

ISSUE SUMMARY

Financial auditors have completed the audit for FY2024. In summary, financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities and fiduciary activities of AAATA as of September 30, 2024, and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

BACKGROUND

Attached to this Issue Brief are the finalized materials of the auditor's report. They are comprised of:

- Final End of Audit Letter (FY24 Final End of Audit Letter AAATA)
- Transmittal Letter (FY24 Single Audit Transmittal Letter AAATA)
- Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings (FY24 Audit SSPAF CAP AAATA)
- Final Single Audit Report (FY24 Final Single Audit Report AAATA)
- Final Audited Financial Statements (FY24 Final Audited Financial Statements AAATA)

The file name for each document is provided above in parentheses and will be used in this issue brief along with page number from the footers for reference.

AAATA ended the year with favorable financial results, as presented in the financial statements. Financial highlights for FY2024 compared to FY2023 are as follows (FY24 Final Audited Financial Statements - AAATA, p. 7):

- Assets increased from the prior year by \$16.4 million (15.2%)
- Total net position increased by \$15.2 million (15.0%)
- Revenues increased by \$13 million (19.8%) due to the increase in local property taxes associated with the new millage

 Operating expenses increased \$3.4 million (5.5%) year-over-year due to initial implementations of service expansions from the new millage, and are favorable compared to the FY2024 Approved Budget (under budget) by \$2.0 million (3.3%)

As indicated in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (FY24 Final Single Audit Report - AAATA, p. 10), the auditors issued an "Unmodified" report, with no findings in either the Financial Statement or Federal Program (Single) Audits.

While they "do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of" internal controls (FY24 Final Single Audit Report - AAATA, p. 2), they do report upon any material weaknesses or deficiencies they find in accounting, financial reporting, and internal controls. There was one standard process improvement recommendation provided to staff for consideration, but no management response is required (FY24 Final End of Audit Letter - AAATA, p. 4). The finding from 2023 has been fully corrected with detail on it found in the Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings (FY24 Audit - SSPAF CAP – AAATA).

PRIOR RELEVANT BOARD ACTIONS & POLICIES

List of previous Board or Committee discussions or actions, to allow cross referencing and context.

IMPACTS OF RECOMMENDED ACTION(S)

- Budgetary/Fiscal: Demonstrates financial performance for FY2024.
- Governance: Supports Board in financial oversight/fiduciary responsibility.

ALTERNATIVE OPTION(S)

None

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Audit Report which includes:
 - Final End of Audit Letter (FY24 Final End of Audit Letter AAATA)
 - Transmittal Letter (FY24 Single Audit Transmittal Letter AAATA)
 - Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings (FY24 Audit SSPAF CAP AAATA)
 - Final Single Audit Report (FY24 Final Single Audit Report AAATA)
 - Final Audited Financial Statements (FY24 Final Audited Financial Statements AAATA)



Board Self-Monitoring: Board-Management Delegation

Governance Committee Meeting Date: January 30, 2025

Board of Directors Meeting Date: February 20, 2025

INFORMATION TYPE

Monitoring

RECOMMENDED ACTION(S)

Discuss

PRIOR RELEVANT BOARD ACTIONS & POLICIES

List of previous Board or Committee discussions or actions, to allow cross referencing and context.

ISSUE SUMMARY

Every year the Board monitors its own behaviors and compliance with policies pertaining to Board-Management Delegation.

The Board's self-assessment is presented in the attachment.

IMPACTS OF RECOMMENDED ACTION(S)

- Budgetary/Fiscal: N/A
- Social: N/A
- Environmental: N/A
- Governance: Board self-monitoring is an important practice.

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Board-Management Delegation Policies 4.0-4.4
- 2. Worksheet Results for policies 4.0-4.4

4: BOARD-MANAGEMENT DELEGATION

These policies define how the Board will delegate to its CEO AAATA's accomplishment of Ends and operation within the Executive Limitations boundaries.

4.0 GLOBAL BOARD-MANAGEMENT DELEGATION

The Board's sole official connection to the operational organization, its achievements and conduct will be through a Chief Executive Officer (CEO).

4.1 UNITY OF CONTROL

Only officially passed motions of the Board are binding on the CEO. Accordingly:

- 4.1.1 Decisions or instructions of individual Board members, officers, or committees are not binding on the CEO except in rare instances when the Board has specifically authorized such exercise of authority.
- 4.1.2 In the case of Board members or committees requesting information or assistance without Board authorization, the CEO can defer or refuse such requests that require, in the CEO's opinion, a material amount of staff time or funds or is disruptive.

4.2 ACCOUNTABILITY OF THE CEO

The CEO is the Board's only link to operational achievement and conduct, so that all authority and accountability of staff, as far as the Board is concerned, is considered the authority and accountability of the CEO.

Accordingly:

- 4.2.1 The Board will never give instructions to persons who report directly or indirectly to the CEO.
- 4.2.2 The Board will not evaluate, either formally or informally, any staff other than the CEO. Board members are not restricted from expressing any level of satisfaction in a confidential conversation with the CEO.
- 4.2.3 The Board will view organizational performance as integral to CEO performance and shall consider Board stated Ends and avoidance of Board-proscribed executive limitations as a foundation of successful CEO performance.

4.3 DELEGATION TO THE CEO

The Board will instruct the CEO through officially passed motions of the Board or written policies which prescribe the organizational Ends to be achieved, and describe organizational situations and actions to be avoided, allowing the CEO to use any reasonable interpretation of these policies.

Accordingly:

- 4.3.1 The Board will develop policies instructing the CEO to achieve certain results, for certain recipients at a specified cost. These policies will be developed systematically from the broadest, most general level to more defined levels, and will be called Ends policies.
- 4.3.2 The Board will develop policies which limit the latitude the CEO may exercise in choosing the organizational means. These limiting policies will describe those practices, active, decisions, and circumstances that would be unacceptable to the Board even if they were effective. These policies will be developed systematically from the broadest, most general level to more defined levels, and they will be called Executive Limitations policies. The Board will never prescribe organizational means delegated to the CEO.
- 4.3.3 As long as the CEO uses any reasonable interpretation of the Board's Ends and Executive Limitations policies, the CEO is authorized to establish all further policies, make all decisions, take all actions, establish all practices and develop all activities.
- 4.3.4 The Board may change its Ends and Executive Limitations policies, thereby shifting the boundary between Board and CEO domains. By doing so, the Board changes the latitude of choice given to the CEO. But as long as any particular delegation is in place, the Board will respect and support the CEO's choices with the boundaries described herein.

4.4 MONITORING CEO PERFORMANCE

Organizational accomplishment of Board policies on Ends and organizational operation within the boundaries established in Board policies on Executive Limitations shall be evaluated rigorously by the Board and its appointed committees.

Accordingly:

- 4.4.1 Monitoring is simply to determine the degree to which Board policies are being met. Data which do not do this will not be considered to be monitoring data.
- 4.4.2 The Board will acquire monitoring data by one or more of three methods: (a) by internal report, in which the CEO discloses compliance information to the Board, (b) by external report, in which an external, disinterested third party selected by the Board assesses compliance with Board policies, and (c) by direct Board inspection, in which a designated member or members of the Board assess compliance with the appropriate policy criteria.
- 4.4.3 In every case, the Board will judge the reasonableness of the CEO's interpretation and whether data demonstrate accomplishment of the interpretation
- 4.4.4 The standard for compliance shall be any reasonable CEO interpretation of the Board policy being monitored. The Board is the final arbiter of reasonableness, but will always judge with a "reasonable person" test rather than with an interpretation favored by Board members or by the Board as a whole.
- 4.4.5 All policies which instruct the CEO will be monitored at a frequency and by a method chosen by the Board. The Board can monitor any policy at any time by any method, but will ordinarily depend on a routine schedule (Appendix A).



WORKSHEET RESULTS:

Board Management Delegation (Policies 4.0 - 4.4)

Participants: 8 Board Members

Mike Allemang, Chris Allen, Simi Barr, Rich Chang, Julie Grand, Jesse Miller, Kathleen Mozak, Kyra Sims

Performance on reasonable interpretation and verifiable evidence			
		Please provide specific examples to support your response	
Policy 4.0 Global Board- Management Delegation The Board's sole official connection to the operational organization, its achievements and conduct will be through a Chief Executive Officer (CEO).	ALWAYS – 6 MOST OF THE TIME - 2	 No counterexample We sometimes work directly with deputy CEOs or staff (after permission from the CEO). 	
Policy 4.1 Unity of Control Only officially passed motions of the Board are binding on the CEO. Accordingly:	ALWAYS – 8	 I am aware of no attempts to enforce CEO action outside of binding motions 	
Policy 4.1.1 Decisions or instructions of individual Board members, officers, or committees are not binding on the	ALWAYS – 8	 I am aware of no attempts to enforce CEO action outside of binding motions 	

Worksheet Results: Board Management Delegation (Policies 4.0-4.4)



CEO except in rare instances when the Board has specifically authorized such exercise of authority. Policy 4.1.2 In the case of Board members or committees requesting information or assistance without Board authorization, the CEO can defer or refuse such requests that require, in the CEO's opinion, a material amount of staff time or funds or is disruptive.	ALWAYS – 6 MOST OF THE TIME - 2	 I am not aware of the CEO denying information to board members. There have been instances where the CEO has stated that information would take significant staff time to pull together (eg location of polling locations in relationship to transit routes). The CEO consistently qualifies such statements by saying the information can be pulled if the board requests it.
Policy 4.2 Accountability of the CEO The CEO is the Board's only link to operational achievement and conduct, so that all authority and accountability of staff, as far as the Board is concerned, is considered the authority and accountability of the CEO.	ALWAYS – 7 MOST OF THE TIME - 1	I am unaware of any counterexamples



Policy 4.2.1 The Board will never give instructions to persons who report directly or indirectly to the CEO.	ALWAYS – 7 MOST OF THE TIME - 1	 I am aware of no instances when this has happened Sometimes we do, but after permission to do so from the CEO (the CEO doesn't always need to play middle-person helps eliminate the game of telephone).
Policy 4.2.2 The Board will not evaluate, either formally or informally, any staff other than the CEO. Board members are not restricted from expressing any level of satisfaction in a confidential conversation with the CEO.	ALWAYS - 8	 Board members may occasionally applaud members of staff on a job they perceive as well done. I believe this falls outside what is intended by "evaluation," however informal. However it may be prudent to clarify either the language used here or what conduct would be considered in violation of this policy. The two sentences seem to conflict.
Policy 4.2.3 The Board will view organizational performance as integral to CEO performance and shall consider Board stated Ends and avoidance of Board-proscribed executive limitations as a foundation of successful CEO performance.	ALWAYS – 7 MOST OF THE TIME - 1	 The Board completed a successful CEO Assessment in late Spring of 2024 of this monitoring period.



Policy 4 3		1
Policy 4.3 Delegation to the CEO The Board will instruct the CEO through officially passed motions of the Board or written policies which prescribe the organizational Ends to be achieved, and describe organizational situations and actions to be avoided, allowing the CEO to use any reasonable interpretation of these policies. Accordingly:	ALWAYS – 5 MOST OF THE TIME - 3	 The Board is still struggling with "any reasonable interpretation" and are continuing to work with the Governance Consultant to rectify this issue. I am aware of no counterexamples Fairly often, 1 or 2 board members believe interpretation is not reasonable when majority of board thinks otherwise. Too much board time is taken up by minority board member(s) trying to sell their opinion.
Policy 4.3.1 The Board will develop policies instructing the CEO to achieve certain results, for certain recipients at a specified cost. These policies will be developed systematically from the broadest, most general level to more defined levels, and will be called Ends policies.	ALWAYS – 4 MOST OF THE TIME - 4	 The Board reviewed the ENDS at the start of 2024 and we look forward to a deeper review this year. Ends policies were reported on by the CEO and language was reviewed by the board. I view "always" as being perfect. This process, imo, can never be perfect because "broadest, most general level" can be difficult to achieve 100% and can also be subjective, just like interpretations. We strive for this _always_ but don't achieve it _always That's a-okay. Sometimes, cost is not specifically addressed in the policy.

Worksheet Results: Board Management Delegation (Policies 4.0-4.4)





Policy 4.3.3 As long as the CEO uses <i>any</i> <i>reasonable</i> <i>interpretation</i> of the Board's Ends and Executive Limitations policies, the CEO is authorized to establish all further policies, make all decisions, take all actions, establish all practices and develop all activities.	ALWAYS – 4 MOST OF THE TIME - 4	 The Board has been struggling with the phrase "any reasonable interpretation" and have engaged the help of the Governance Consultant to guide and help us better define and understand it's meaning. Continued We, as a board, debate 'reasonable interpretation' but the CEO has always put his best foot forward (and even calls himself out when he thinks he may have missed the mark).
Policy 4.3.4 The Board may change its Ends and Executive Limitations policies, thereby shifting the boundary between Board and CEO domains. By doing so, the Board changes the latitude of choice given to the CEO. But as long as any particular delegation is in place, the Board will respect and support the CEO's choices with the boundaries described herein.	ALWAYS – 6 MOST OF THE TIME - 2	 Over the monitoring period there have been several changes to existing policies as well as development of new policies. These changes are recorded in Appendix E: History of Policy Changes. The board has reserved for itself select operational matters where desired or required by law I think the board does this most of the time and that is okay. We sometimes have our own interpretations of where/what the boundaries are.



Policy 4.4 Monitoring CEO Performance Organizational accomplishment of Board policies on Ends and organizational operation within the boundaries established in Board policies on Executive Limitations shall be evaluated rigorously by the Board and its appointed committees. Accordingly: Policy 4.4.1 Monitoring is simply to determine the degree to which Board policies are being met. Data	ALWAYS – 7 MOST OF THE TIME - 1 ALWAYS – 3 MOST OF THE TIME – 4	 All current Ends and Executive Limitation policies are assigned for review to the Governance Committee, Service Committee, and the Finance Committee before being sent to the BoD as out lined in Appendix A: Monitoring and Informational Report Schedules. Sometimes we can be over rigorous. ;-) In my view, data is defined as something quantitative. However, there are times where the monitoring results are qualitative and not quantitative. That is
which do not do this will not be considered to be monitoring data.	SOME OF THE TIME - 1	okay.
Policy 4.4.2 The Board will acquire monitoring data by one or more of three		 The Board utilized (a) and (b) to acquire monitoring data during this monitoring period.
methods: (a) by internal report, in which the CEO discloses compliance	ALWAYS – 7 MOST OF THE TIME - 1	 Option (a) and (b) were the methods used during the monitoring period.
information to the Board, (b) by external report, in which an external, disinterested third party selected by		 Monitoring data is gathered primarily by (a). Some data provided by outside agencies, such as the FTA and financial audits, are gather by outside agencies and presented by the CEO.

Worksheet Results: Board Management Delegation (Policies 4.0-4.4)



the Board assesses compliance with Board policies, and (c) by direct Board inspection, in which a designated member or members of the Board assess compliance with the appropriate policy criteria.		
Policy 4.4.3 In every case, the Board will judge the reasonableness of the CEO's interpretation and whether data demonstrate accomplishment of the interpretation	ALWAYS – 7 MOST OF THE TIME - 1	 And do we! 2024 was the year of debating "reasonableness" and it continues into 2025. :-)
Policy 4.4.4 The standard for compliance shall be any reasonable CEO interpretation of the Board policy being monitored. The Board is the final arbiter of reasonableness, but will always judge with a "reasonable person" test rather than with an interpretation favored by Board members or by the Board as a whole.	ALWAYS – 2 MOST OF THE TIME – 5 SOME OF THE TIME - 1	 The Board has been struggling with the phrase "any reasonable interpretation" and have engaged the help of the Governance Consultant to guide and help us better define and understand it's meaning. Although "reasonable" is subjective and thus disagreements arise during board discussions, the results of the vote express a single accepted assessment The board is still figuring out our line in the sand regarding 'reasonableness' and the 'reasonable person' test.

Worksheet Results: Board Management Delegation (Policies 4.0-4.4)



		 Continued I'm confused by "board as a whole" language. Shouldn't the board as whole be the entity to decide on reasonableness? If not, who makes the final determination?
Policy 4.4.5 All policies which instruct the CEO will be monitored at a frequency and by a method chosen by the Board. The Board can monitor any policy at any time by any method, but will ordinarily depend on a routine schedule (Appendix A).	ALWAYS – 8	All policies are assigned to the various Board Committees. (Governance, Service and Finance) for review before being sent to the full Board. The assignments are found in Appendix A: Monitoring and Informational Report Schedules
Additional context q	uestions	
1. ADDITIONAL	CONTEXT ON OVERAL PO	LICY (OPTIONAL)
No ade	ditional comments provided.	
 APPROXIMATELY HOW MANY MINUTES DID IT TAKE YOU TO FILL OUT THS FORM? 30, 15, 15, 25, 13, 20, 45, N/A 		



Policy Language: 2.1.2 & 2.1.3.1 (Redundant Requirements)

Meeting: Board of Director's

Meeting Date: February 20, 2025

INFORMATION TYPE

Decision Preparation

RECOMMENDED ACTION(S)

Approve policy revisions in Attachment 1.

ISSUE SUMMARY

After review and discussion, the Service Committee sees opportunities to revise policy 2.1.2 and delete policy 2.1.3.1.

BACKGROUND

During routine monitoring the CEO noted that there appeared to be redundancy regarding public information in two policies. The Board agreed to consider the issue and delegated the investigation to the Service Committee.

The policies in question read:

2.1.2 Operate without providing effective, comprehensible, accessible, and timely information.

2.1.3.1 Allow the public and riders to be without easily accessible, understandable information with respect to services offered and expected conduct.

Both policies reference the need to provide quality information to the public about the agency's services. This created a circular reference in the monitoring report with the actual performance of public information only provided under one policy. The CEO recommended the strikethrough edit above.

PRIOR RELEVANT BOARD ACTIONS & POLICIES

Neither policy is part of the original Carver template, although there is a similar one for customer information. These policies appeared to emerge from Board deliberation during the initial manual approval in 2017.

The original Carver policy is:

"Fail to establish with consumers a clear understanding of what may be expected and what may not be expected from the service offered."

IMPACTS OF RECOMMENDED ACTION(S)

- Budgetary/Fiscal, Social, Environmental: N/A
- Governance: Board refines policy text as needed to focus the organization.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1: 2.1.2 and 2.1.3.1 Revised Policy Language (draft)

Attachment 1:

Revise:

2.1.2 Operate without providing effective, comprehensible, accessible, and timely information with respect to services offered and safe, respectful conduct.

Remove:

2.1.3.1 Allow the public and riders to be without easily accessible, understandable information with respect to services offered and expected conduct



Board's Annual Work Plan

Meeting: Board of Director's

Meeting Date: February 20, 2025

INFORMATION TYPE:

Decision Preparation

RECOMMENDED ACTION(S):

Begin discussion of a Board plan of work for FY 2025.

PRIOR RELEVANT BOARD ACTIONS & POLICIES

Board policy 3.4 (Attachment 1). Agenda setting process.

ISSUE SUMMARY:

To keep a focus on the future, at the beginning of every fiscal year the Board decides what proactive issues it wants to spend time on, and which may lead to the development of new policy. Board members are encouraged to bring ideas to add to the tables in Attachment 2.

BACKGROUND:

The Board's annual work plan is an inherent part of Policy Governance. This is a key mechanism for ensuring that the Board is driving its own agenda and not merely reacting to staff or outside issues. Policy 3.4 outlines how the board sets its agenda. Excerpts of the relevant passages are provided in Attachment 1.

IMPACTS OF RECOMMENDED ACTION(S):

• Governance: The annual work plan is how the Board sets the direction for the organization.

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Excerpt Policy 3.4 Agenda Planning Policy
- 2. Work Plan & Education Template
- 3. Previous Work Plan & Education Ideas (FY2024)

Attachment 1: Board Policy 3.4: Agenda Planning (Excerpt v2.13)

(Emphasis added)

3.4 AGENDA PLANNING

To accomplish its job products with a governance style consistent with Board policies, the Board will follow an annual agenda cycle which:

(a) completes a re-exploration of Ends Policies annually,

(b) continually improves Board performance through Board education and enriched input and deliberation, and

(c) re-examines for relevance the underlying values that support existing policy.

3.4.1 The cycle will conclude each year so that administrative planning, strategic planning, and budgeting can be based on accomplishing a one-year segment of the Board's most recent statement of long-term Ends.

3.4.2 The cycle will start with the Board's development of its agenda for the next year.

<u>A.Consultations with selected groups in the ownership, or other methods of gaining</u> ownership input will be determined and arranged in the first quarter, to be held during the balance of the year.

B.Governance education, and education related to Ends determination, (e.g., presentations by researchers, demographers, advocacy groups, staff, etc.) will be arranged in the first quarter, to be held during the balance of the year...

DRAFT 2025 Work Plan

	Policy Topics or Decisions	Status
1.	Ends review	Annual task
2.	Sustainability	
З.	Determining Reasonableness	
4.	Ownership Value? Affordability & Property Taxes	

General education topics suggested by Board:

	Education Topics
1.	Funding (Federal, State, Local / POSA's)
2.	Ridership / Coverage (Title VI, Equity)
З.	Post Pandemic Ridership Trends
4.	UM2050
5.	Land Use
6.	AI

Policy Topics or Decisions	Status
1. Ends review	Annual task
2. Propulsion	Ongoing – in plan of work, can be removed
3. Equity	Never discussed last year
4. Sustainability	Ongoing in plan of work

2024 Work Plan – updated from 1/2/25 Governance Committee:

General education topics suggested by Board:

Education Topics
Advocacy under policy governance
Post Pandemic Trends
Ridership
Multi-jurisdictional consideration (local and regional)
Differences between AAATA communities (POSAs)
Environmental Standards (policy development?)
RTA
Policy Development Education



CEO Innovation Presentation

Meeting: Board of Directors

Meeting Date: February 20, 2025

INFORMATION TYPE

Other

RECOMMENDED ACTION(S)

Receive for information. No action is being sought or required.

PRIOR RELEVANT BOARD ACTIONS & POLICIES

Policy 2.9.1.5 (H) requires the CEO to make an annual presentation to the Board about "...relevant trends and technologies with applicability to the transit authority and its services, and innovations trialed or introduced to Authority operations over the past year."

IMPACTS OF RECOMMENDED ACTION(S)

- Budgetary/Fiscal: N/A
- Social: N/A
- Environmental: N/A
- Governance: N/A

ATTACHMENTS

1. CEO Presentation: Trends and Innovation

Trends & Innovation

TheRide Board of Directors

Matt Carpenter, CEO



ANN ARBOR AREA TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

Agenda

Board requires incidental information including a presentation on trends and innovations (policy 2.1.9.5 H)...

"a presentation about relevant trends and applicable technologies ... and innovations trialed or introduced ... over the past year."

• Trends

- Innovation & Examples
- Observations



Trends

- Demographic: Modest growth, or decline
- Land Development: Sprawl. Some infill,
- **Social/Economic**: housing affordability, inflation, inequality
 - Localized: UM/A2 doing well, gentrification pressure,
- Technology: AI & consolidations
- Enviro: More extreme events
- Politics & Funding: Uncertainty

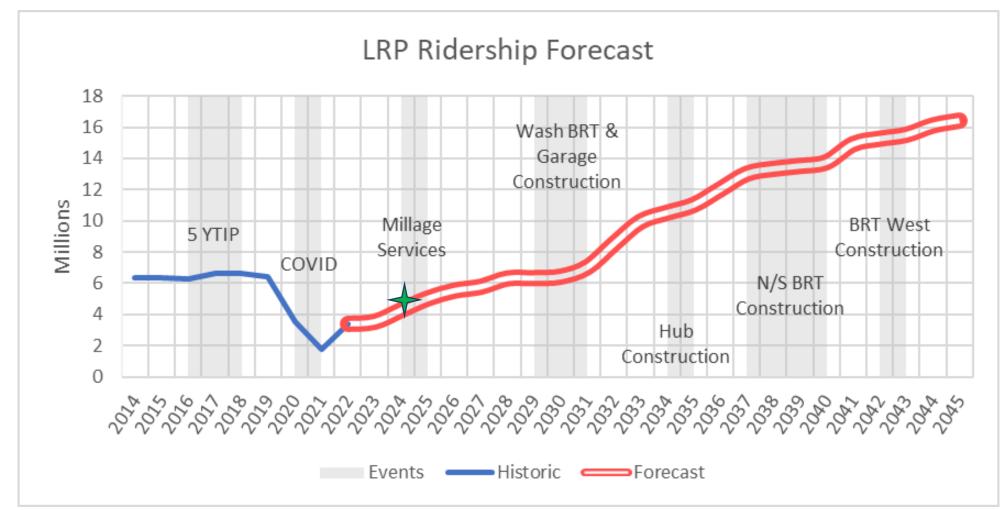


Ridership

- Fixed-route: +10% (overall),
 - +12% (MRide), +2% (GoPass)
 - 75% pre-pandemic
- D2A2: Growing
- ARide & FlexRide: +3%
- Starting to have crowding/cost control concerns



Ridership Aspiration



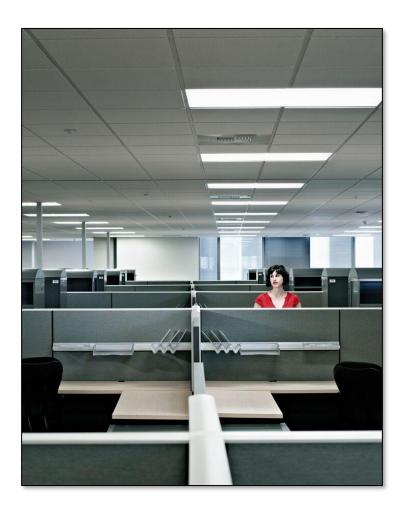


5

Trends

Travel Market: Significant Changes

- Work from home = fewer 9/5 commuters
- Delivery Culture = Less shopping

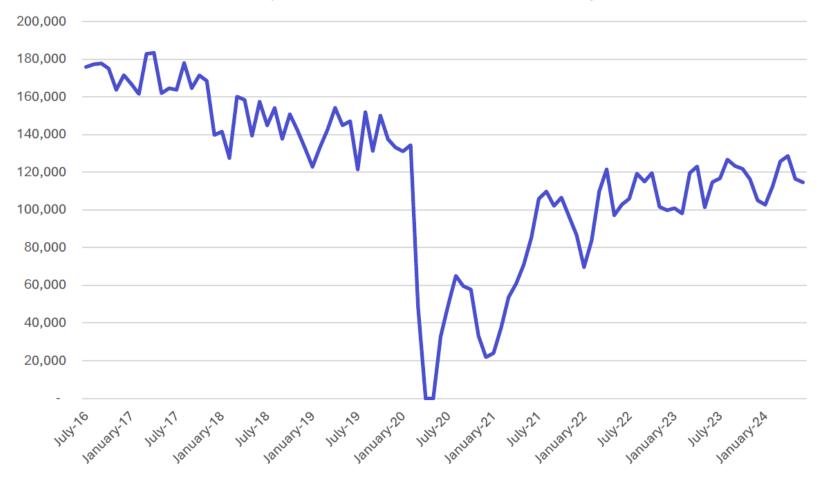




Downtown A2 Visitors

Hourly Parking Patrons (July '16 - June '24)

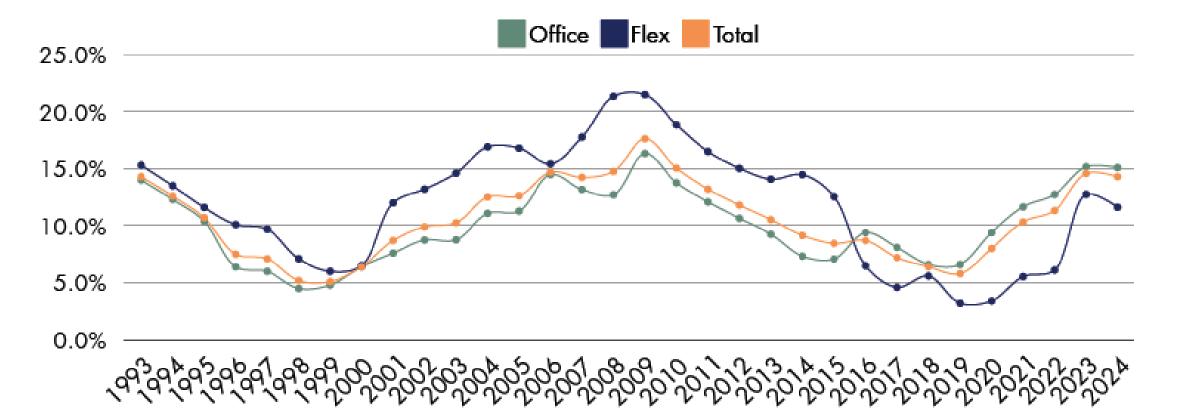
Includes patrons at structures and non-metered hourly lots



AFTERICEctor's Meeting - February 20, 2025 // Packet Page 46

ANN ARBOR AREA TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

Commercial Vacancy & Commuters



Shopping Trips vs Deliveries



ATTRE Ride ctor's Meeting - February 20, 2025 // Packet Page 48

ANN ARBOR AREA TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

UM

- Mostly back to pre-pandemic level of activity
 - Remote work continues
 - Most have returned, most of the time
 - Staff has grown, offset remote work
- Parking is pretty full
 - Hospital full T, W, Th
 - New deck by hospital?
 - 300 stalls eliminated (Coliseum/Hill st)





Response: Doing what we do best

- 1. Customer Satisfaction & Service Delivery
- 2. New services (longer hours, overnight, YTC staff, A2-Ypsi Express, Weekend frequency)
- 3. Major Projects Moving Forward
- 4. Innovations and new approaches...



Innovation = Novelty That Works

- New, New-ish, or New-to-You
- Must be effective
- Technology, process, etc
- Change & Change Management

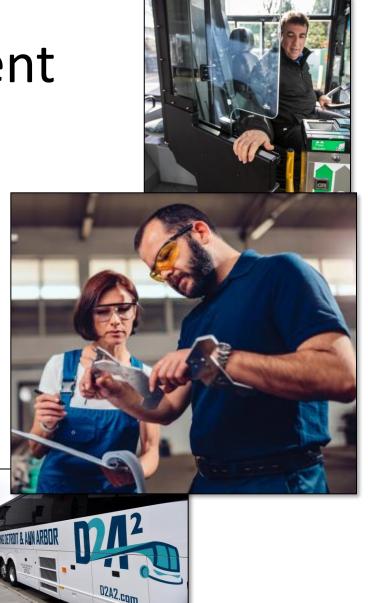




Culture & Continuous Improvement

Culture: empowered incremental change

 Driver safety doors, FlexRide (ride hailing), new recruitment, Long-Range Plan & Millage, D2A2, YTC staff, Narcan, Computer system security, VOIP, door actuators, quality inspections, bus rodeo, youth intercept partners, numerous software upgrades, Policy Governance, Business Plan, Capital Plan, advocacy agenda,...



In Trial or Near Deployment

- Snow tires
- Throne (MCO rest room)
- New advertising
- Advocacy
- Bus Lane (State St)
- Dynamic scheduling for FlexRide (Via)
- MCO shift design & streamlining
- Mechanics equipment (reduces lifting)
- Staff Emergency Notification System
- IT Needs Assessment & Steering Committee
- Transit Signal Priority...

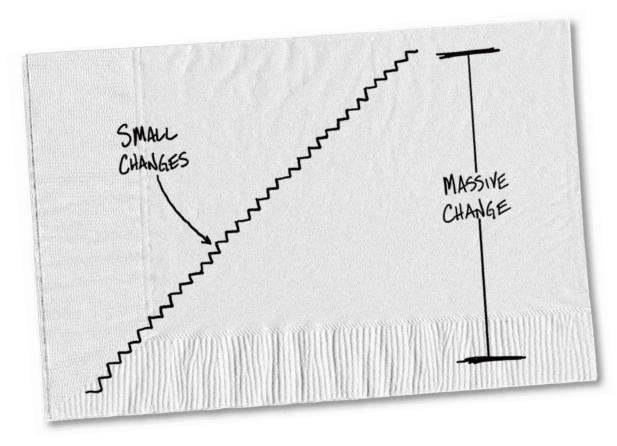




Authorized or in Planning

Incremental

- ZingTrain for customer service
- Zero-emissions support vehicle study
- Zero-emission facilities study
- Driver uniforms
- Chat Bots for customer info
- Next-Gen real-time info

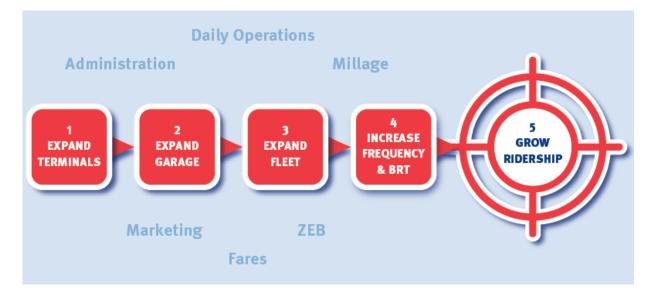


Authorized or in Planning



Moonshots

- LRP: Terminals, BRT, garage, etc...
- Zero-Emission Buses
- Regional park n ride Plan
- Bus Lane Plan
- Advanced Fare Collection
- Security



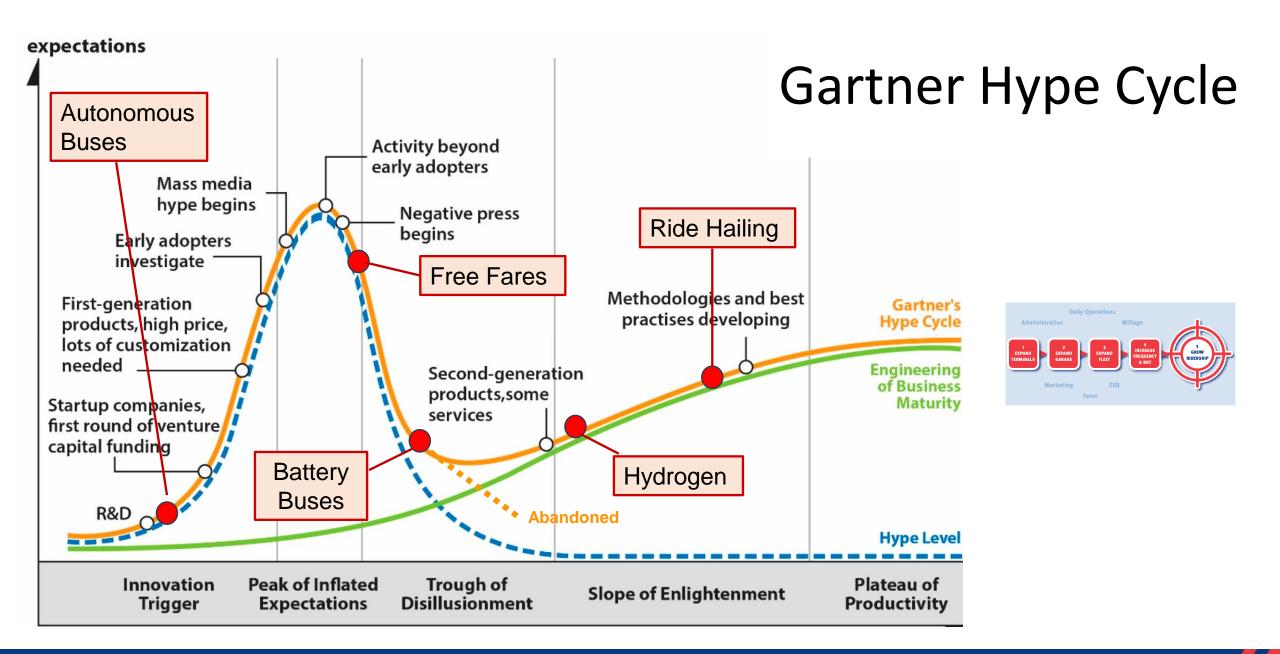
Future/Under Consideration



- AI (productivity, customer experience...)
- Requests for Regional/Countywide services
- Non-emergency Medical Transportation



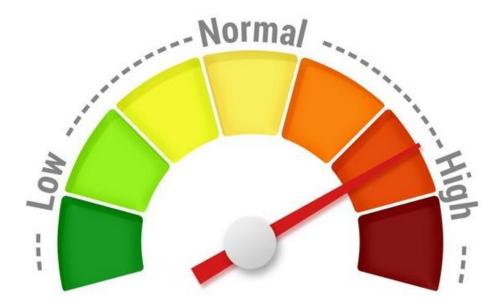
ANN ARBOR AREA TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY



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In Closing

- Leaning into headwinds
- Evolution (incremental)
- Revolution (moonshots)
- Finding limits of organization's capacity



19

Trends & Innovation

TheRide Board of Directors

Matt Carpenter, CEO



ANN ARBOR AREA TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY





FY2025 Q1 Financial Statement

Meeting: Board of Director's

Meeting Date: February 20, 2025

INFORMATION TYPE

Receive as CEO operational update

RECOMMENDED ACTION(S)

Receive as CEO operational update

PRIOR RELEVANT BOARD ACTIONS & POLICIES

- 2.10.1.5 CEO shall not...Let the Board be unaware of... incidental information (including) quarterly budget to actual financial reports.
- Appendix A: Informational Reports schedule specifies quarterly Financial Statement reports in November, February, May, and August.
- Policy 2.6 Investments and Appendix F Investment Policy.

ISSUE SUMMARY

Staff presents the First Quarter Financial Statement with currently available and reportable financial information for the period ending December 31, 2024.

BACKGROUND

Financial highlights from the first quarter year-to-date (October 2024 to December 2024) include:

- TheRide operated within the budget through the first quarter of the year.
- There is currently a \$792,000 surplus of revenues over expenses at the end of the first quarter.
- Expenses were \$668,000 lower than budgeted through the first quarter due to unfilled staff positions and less expensive than predicted fuel costs due to lower rates. Pass-through expenses for subrecipients within purchased transportation were above budget at the end of Q1, but the associated revenue is expected to offset these costs by year-end.
- Revenues were \$144,000 below budget.
 - Local Property Tax revenues are flat compared to budget because they are recorded monthly as an accrual, based on the FY2025 budget, which are estimated collections for summer 2025. Based on property tax revenues in 2024, we have identified that the budget for property tax income for FY2025 was conservative. Beginning in Q2, monthly revenue accruals will be adjusted to more accurately reflect updated estimates of property tax revenues anticipated to be received between July and September 2025
 - While state operating assistance fell short of budget through the first quarter, higherthan-expected investment income and fare/contract revenue helped offset the variance. State operating assistance is a function of actual expenses and is expected to contour with costs by year end.

- The projected balances for the three board-approved reserves are as follows: operating reserve at \$12.9 million or 2.3 months, based on first quarter expenses, capital reserve of \$33.3 million, and insurance reserve at \$0.5 million.
- \$58.7 million in Federal pandemic relief revenue (CARES, ARP, CRRSAA) were used by the end of FY2024 by TheRide to support operations. No additional pandemic relief revenue is budgeted or expected.
- Cash flow was adequate to cover expenses; Q1 2025 ended with \$72.1 million in cash and investments.

IMPACTS OF RECOMMENDED ACTION(S)

- Budgetary/Fiscal: Demonstrates financial performance for the reporting period
- Governance: Supports Board in financial oversight/fiduciary responsibility

ALTERNATIVE OPTION(S)

N/A

ATTACHMENTS

1. FY2025 Q1 Financial Statements (Income Statement and Balance Sheet)



Income Statement

For the Period Ended December 31, 2024

Revenue and Expense (Budget to Actual)

Revenue and Expense (Budg								
(\$ in thousands)								ACK = FAVORABLE
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budgeted	Budget V	
REVENUES	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	YTD	YTD	\$	%
Fares and Contracts	\$1,848	-	-	-	\$1,848	\$1,685	\$162	9.6%
Local Property Taxes*	9,374	-	-	-	9,374	9,374	0	0.0%
State Operating Assistance	4,894	-	-	-	4,894	5,550	(655)	-11.8%
Federal Operating Assistance	397	-	-	-	397	362	36	9.9%
Federal Pandemic Relief	0	-	-	-	0	0	0	0.0%
Other Revenues	791	-	-	-	791	477	313	65.7%
Total Operating Revenues	\$17,304	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,304	\$17,447	(\$144)	-0.8%
EXPENSES								
Salaries, Wages, Benefits	\$8,819	-	-	-	\$8,819	\$9,496	\$676	7.1%
Purchased Transportation	3,918	-	-	-	3,918	3,389	(530)	-15.6%
Fuel, Material, Supplies	1,671	-	-	-	1,671	1,919	248	12.9%
Purchased Services	1,079	-	-	-	1,079	1,239	160	12.9%
Other Expenses	1,024	-	-	-	1,024	1,136	112	9.9%
Total Operating Expenses	\$16,511	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$16,511	\$17,179	\$668	3.9%
Surplus (Deficit)	\$792	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$792	\$269	\$524	
Capital Reserve Transfer	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Operating Reserve Transfer	-	-	-	-	-	-		
OPERATING BALANCE	\$792	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$792	\$269		



TheRide had a \$792,000 surplus at the end of the first quarter.

Revenues were \$144,000 below budget. Although state operating assistance fell short, higher-than-expected investment income and fare/contract revenue helped offset the variance. State operating assistance is a function of actual expenses and is expected to contour with costs by vear end.

Local Property Tax revenues are flat compared to budget because they are recorded monthly as an accrual, based on the FY2025 budget, which are estimated collections for summer 2025. Based on property tax revenues in 2024, we have identified that the budget for property tax income for FY2025 was conservative. Beginning in Q2, monthly revenue accruals will be adjusted to more accurately reflect updated estimates of property tax revenues anticipated to be received between July and September 2025

Expenses were \$668,000 lower than budgeted through the first quarter due to unfilled staff positions and less expensive than predicted fuel costs. Meanwhile, pass-through expenses for subrecipients within purchased transportation were above budget at the end of Q1, but the associated revenue is expected to offset these costs by year end.

Federal Pandemic Relief Utilization

Expenditures from \$58.7 million in Federal Pandemic Relief funding as of **December 31**, **2024**, for eligible COVID-19-related costs :

 Operating Expenditures
 \$ 58,744,987

 Capital Expenditures
 \$

 TOTAL EXPENDITURES
 \$ 58,744,987

Federal Pandemic Funds Remaining to Draw: \$

YTD Revenue and Expense By Mode

(\$ in thousands)							
	Fixed Route	Demand Response	Other Demand Response	Non-Urban	D2A2	VanRide	
DIRECT REVENUE	Fixed Route Bus	A-Ride	FlexRide, GoldRide, NightRide	WAVE, Peoples Express	Detroit Shuttle	VanRide, Ride Sharing	TOTAL
Fare Revenue	\$948	\$52	\$27	\$36	-	-	\$1,063
Contract Revenues	407	-	-	377	-	-	784
Advertising, Interest, Other	791	-	-	-	-	-	791
Federal Operating	52	238	-	107	-	-	397
State Operating	3,872	518	170	272	-	61	4,894
Total Direct Revenue	\$6,071	\$808	\$197	\$793	-	\$61	\$7,930
TOTAL EXPENSE							
Salaries, Wages, Benefits	\$8,352	\$360	\$32	\$51	-	\$24	\$8,819
Purchased Transportation	-	1,722	496	1,434	-	267	3,918
Fuel, Materials, Supplies	1,475	196	-	-	-	-	1,671
Contracted Services	1,024	39	-	16	-	-	1,079
Other Expenses	970	23	12	15	-	3	1,024
Total Operating Expense	\$11,820	\$2,340	\$540	\$1,517	-	\$294	\$16,511
Surplus (Deficit) from OPS	(\$5,749)	(\$1,532)	(\$343)	(\$724)	-	(\$232)	(\$8,581)
ALLOCATED REVENUE							
Local Property Taxes	\$6,542	\$1,532	\$343	\$724	-	\$232	\$9,374
Federal Pandemic Relief Funds	0	-	-	-	-	-	C
SURPLUS (DEFICIT):	\$792	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$792

AAATA Board of Director's Meeting - February 20, 2025 // Packet Page 62





Balance Sheet

For the Period Ended December 31, 2024

$1_{\rm Statement}^{\rm Financial}$

Balance Sheet and Reserve \$ in thousands, with Prior Year comparison.

	Q4 2024	Q1 2024	Q1 2025
ASSETS	9/30/2024	12/31/2023	12/31/2024
Cash	\$58,606	\$33,641	\$52,985
Investments	18,953	18,233	19,091
Other Current Assets	9,575	15,653	20,645
Capital Assets	36,932	39,688	39,748
Total Assets	124,065	107,215	132,469
LIABILITIES	7,348	4,348	11,852
TOTAL NET POSITION	116,717	\$102,867	\$120,617
RESERVES:		Balances	
	#22.0C0	\$33,184	\$33,260
Capital	\$33,260	\$55,104	\$55,200
Capital Insurance	\$33,260 \$500	\$55,184	
	1	1 1 -	\$53,200 \$500 \$12,905



FY2025 YTD Investment Gain (\$ in thousands): \$138 U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, & Agency Bonds are short term bonds (several months to 10 years) backed by the Treasury Department of the U.S. Government. The rates shown for the current investments represent the gross yield-to-maturity rates (before the annual fee of .28%). An FDIC-insured cash sweep account or accounts that have balances above the FDIC insurance threshold are used for day-to-day working capital.

Statement of Cash Flows (\$ in thousands)

	FY 2	022	FY 2023				FY 2024				FY 2025
Historical Cash Flows	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Quarter 1
Beginning Balance:	\$28,626	\$29,403	\$44,678	\$34,082	\$41,961	\$41,537	\$54,630	\$51,875	\$50,527	\$50,527	\$77,559
Cash Flow from Operations	573	25,604	(5,186)	3,153	(205)	12,832	(3,045)	(2,402)	(2,444)	24,474	(1,512)
Cash Flow from Capital	324	(3,163)	(5,510)	4,349	(166)	55	53	870	182	2,193	(4,109)
Cash Flow from Investments	(120)	(7,166)	100	377	(53)	206	237	184	171	364	138
Cash Flow:	\$777	\$15,275	(\$10,596)	\$7,879	(\$424)	\$13,093	(\$2,755)	(\$1,348)	(\$2,090)	\$27,032	(\$5,483)
Ending Balance:	\$29,403	\$44,678	\$34,082	\$41,961	\$41,537	\$54,630	\$51,875	\$50,527	\$48,437	\$77,559	\$72,076

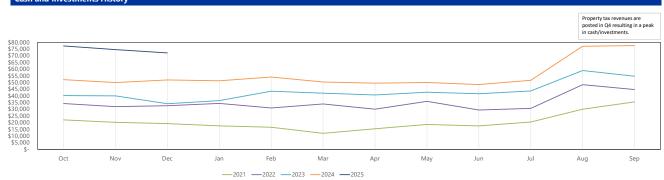
Q1 cash flow was negative at \$5.5 million The Statement of Cash Flows summarizes the amount of cash and cash equivalents entering and leaving AAATA during the reporting period. It measures how AAATA generates cash to fund its operating, capital, and investing needs. Typically negative cash flow is normal for all quarters except the 4th quarter, when property tax receipts generate positive cash flow.

Investments Summary

(\$ in thousands)

	Date of	Interest	Value on		Value on
Investment Instrument	Maturity	Rate	09/30/2024	Transactions	12/31/2024
U.S. Treasury Bills	10/31/2024	4.63%	2,000	(2,000)	(
U.S. Treasury Bills	11/12/2024	4.66%	2,500	(2,500)	
U.S. Treasury Bills	11/29/2024	4.70%	2,000	(2,000)	
U.S. Treasury Bills	12/26/2024	4.57%	2,000	(2,000)	
U.S. Treasury Bills	2/20/2025	4.09%	1,300	0	1,30
U.S. Agency Bond	2/24/2025	3.75%	200	0	20
U.S. Agency Bond	3/28/2025	2.84%	2,500	0	2,50
U.S. Agency Bond	3/28/2025	3.11%	2,000	0	2,00
U.S. Agency Bond	6/27/2025	3.27%	2,000	0	2,00
U.S. Agency Bond	8/8/2025	4.10%	1,400	0	1,40
U.S. Agency Bond	1/22/2026	4.13%	750	0	75
U.S. Agency Bond	2/3/2027	4.23%	0	250	25
U.S. Treasury Notes	5/15/2027	4.14%	0	1,000	1,00
U.S. Treasury Notes	10/31/2027	4.11%	0	750	75
U.S. Agency Bond	11/1/2027	4.04%	0	2,500	2,50
U.S. Treasury Notes	11/15/2027	4.14%	0	2,200	2,20
U.S. Agency Bond	12/27/2027	4.25%	0	2,200	2,20
Money Market Funds	N/A	4.58%	428	(197)	23
Mark-to-Market Adjustment			(125)	(65)	(190
al Investments:			\$18,953	\$138	\$19,09

Cash and Investments History



Agenda Item: 8.2



CEO Report

Meeting: Board of Directors

Meeting Date: February 20, 2025

INFORMATION TYPE

Other

LONG-RANGE PLAN STATUS UPDATES

YPSILANTI TRANSIT CENTER PLANNING

Schematic design of the YTC building is underway and will continue throughout the winter and early spring. The design team has been engaging employees throughout the organization - relying on them and a core team of users to help inform decisions. In parallel, the project team has made considerable progress on the environmental review process. Most technical work and written documentation are complete for the Categorical Exclusion with Documentation, but the project team faces <u>uncertainty at the federal level</u> with technical and legal reviews of the documents and coordination on the Section 106 process with the Michigan State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), which must be completed by FTA. The timeline for finishing the environmental documentation is now in flux, but the project team is hoping to complete it by this spring. The project team will hold additional internal, public, and stakeholder engagements to inform the community on the facility design and function. The engagement's timing will be determined as the environmental review and schematic design processes continue.

BLAKE TRANSIT CENTER EXPANSION

TheRide continues to work with the Ann Arbor Housing Commission and City staff on the joint development of the old Y-Lot site adjacent to the BTC (350 S. Fifth). The Housing Commission and Related Midwest plan to build one tower along William St that will incorporate low- to moderate-income units and ground-level retail. TheRide is working closely with the co-developers and architects on the design of the transit platform expansion and other transit amenities around the site. Related Midwest hopes to submit an initial site plan for review to the City by March of this year. The team would ideally like to start construction early next year. A separate study led by the DDA to redesign 4th Avenue from Liberty St. to William St. is ongoing. This project aims to create a more pedestrian and transit friendly street. The project team is working closely with the 350 S. Fifth development team so that both the housing project and 4th Avenue timelines and final designs are well coordinated.

BUS LANES AND BUS RAPID TRANSIT

AAATA was chosen for technical assistance by USDOT's Transportation Planning Capacity Building Program (TPCB). The TPCB Program is supported by the Federal Transit Administration, the Federal Highway Administration, and the Volpe Institute and matches applicants with other communities through peer exchange. The subject of our application was bus rapid transit and the TPCB Program will bring two communities which have implemented such projects to our region to share information on their experiences and best practices. The program will take about six months of planning culminating in a local workshop followed up with a report of findings. This effort is meant to build understanding of, confidence in, and excitement about the possibility of bus rapid transit in Washtenaw County.

RTA'S REGIONAL TRANSIT MASTER PLAN

The Regional Transit Authority of Southeast Michigan adopted the Regional Transit Master Plan (RTMP) Update in January 2025. The RTMP is updated annually and summarizes transit trends, regional accomplishments, and regional opportunities for the growth and expansion of public transit in Southeast Michigan. AAATA staff provided comments on the draft. The graphic below is from the RTMP and shows the regional priorities. More information is available at: https://rtamichigan.org/regional-transit-master-plan-2024

REGIONAL TRANSIT PRIORITIES



OPERATIONAL UPDATES

TRANSIT OPERATOR GRADUATION/RECRUITMENT

Two MCO classes are expected to start on February 11th and March 4th, with the hope of hiring 10-15 operators. Our current operator number is 192.

COMMUNITY AND EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT

On February 4th, AAATA celebrated Transit Equity Day by honoring Rosa Parks. To celebrate, AAATA placed bus cards on each of its buses and a reserved sign on one seat per bus honoring Ms. Parks.



AAATA also held a table at the WCC Student Center for their Winter Welcome Day event in early February.



STOPGAP BUS REPLACEMENT

New Gillig buses have started to arrive and are being put into service. Older buses are being replaced with some being donated to Jackson Transit.

LOCAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE (LAC)

The LAC did not meet in January. At the February meeting the LAC discussed its workplan and Gantt chart for the coming year as well as requesting technical presentations from staff.

ANN ARBOR CITY COUNCIL

Manager of Public Affairs and Community Engagement Jeff Pfeifer is set to present to the Ann Arbor City Council on February 18th.

TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION (ANN ARBOR)

The commission met on January 15th and discussed AAPS and began reviewing the advocacy agenda it will recommend to City Council in a few months.

WATS POLICY COMMITTEE UPDATE

The January WATS Policy Committee met, elected new officers, received safety target updates, and adopted the Unified Work Program, a to-do list for local transportation planning. The February meeting has been cancelled.

ADVOCACY UPDATES

FEDERAL DEVELOPMENTS

There have been numerous presidential Executive Orders since the inauguration. The CEO will provide a verbal update at the meeting.

STATE BUDGET BEGINNINGS

The Governor has proposed a \$3 billion transportation proposal. These proposed funds would go through the Act 51 formula, automatically distributing about \$250 into the Comprehensive Transportation Fund. This is good for transit. However, this is an initial proposal and is a complex mix of revenue sources, and the budget process has several months to go. The GOP majority on the House is more focused on reducing spending. We expect early proposals to be changed during legislative deliberations. The budget should be finished in the summer.

ANN ARBOR LAND USE PLAN

The City is developing an update to its comprehensive transportation land use plan, the master plan for the city's zoning. TheRide is reviewing initial concepts and will be providing feedback to the City. Overall the proposals envision a more built-up city with higher densities for housing.

EXECUTION OF CONTRACTS OVER \$250K (Policy 2.9.1.5.D)

FLEXRIDE UPDATES

On January 14, 2025, the CEO authorized a change order to the contract between AAATA and River North Transit, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Via Transportation. This change order Increases the Annual Not-to-Exceed contract cost for FlexRide Services from \$1,300,000 to \$2,200,000.

ADVERTISING

As approved in the FY2025 budget, on February 6, 2025, the CEO authorized a contract with Q+M, A division of American Eagle to provide Communications and Marketing Services. The contract term is one-year plus 4 one-year options. The amount budgeted for these services in FY2025 is \$330,500. If all option years are exercised, the total contract value will be \$1,652,500.

TIRES

The purchase of New and Retread Tires were approved in the FY2025 budget. On February 6, 2025, contracts with Jam Best One Fleet Services and Pomp's Tire Service, Inc. were authorized by the CEO. The amount budgeted for these purchases in FY2025 is \$225,000. The contract term is one-year plus 4 one-year options. If all option years are exercised, the total contract value will be \$1,125,000.



February 5, 2025

To the Board of Directors Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

We have audited the financial statements of the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority (the "Authority" or AAATA) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024 and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2025. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit, which is divided into the following sections:

Section I - Required Communications with Those Charged with Governance

Section II - Other Recommendations and Related Information

Section III - Legislative and Informational Items

Section I includes information that we are required to communicate to those individuals charged with governance of the Authority. This section communicates significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process.

Section II presents recommendations related to internal control, procedures, and other matters noted during our current year audit. These comments are offered in the interest of helping the Authority in its efforts toward continuous improvement, not just in the areas of internal control and accounting procedures, but also in operational or administrative efficiency and effectiveness.

Section III contains legislative and informational items that we believe will be of interest to you.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank the Authority's staff for the cooperation and courtesy extended to us during our audit. Their assistance and professionalism are invaluable.

This report is intended solely for the use of the board of directors and management of the Authority and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We welcome any questions you may have regarding the following communications, and we would be willing to discuss these or any other questions that you might have at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

Plante & Moran, PLLC

Pamela L. Hill Partner

hor Sullent

Chris Gilbert Senior Manager



Section I - Required Communications with Those Charged with Governance

Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated October 11, 2024, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities. Our responsibility is to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the Authority. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures specifically to identify such matters.

Our audit of the Authority's financial statements has also been conducted in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Under *Government Auditing Standards*, we are obligated to communicate certain matters that come to our attention related to our audit to those responsible for the governance of the Authority, including compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements; certain instances of error or fraud; illegal acts applicable to government agencies; and significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. Toward this end, we issued a separate letter dated February 5, 2025 regarding our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters on November 20, 2024.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the Authority are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

No new accounting policies were adopted, and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2024.

We noted no transactions entered into by the Authority during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no significant balances, amounts, or disclosures in the financial statements based on sensitive management estimates.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Section I - Required Communications with Those Charged with Governance (Continued)

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in performing and completing our audit.

Disagreements with Management

For the purpose of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. We did not detect any misstatements as a result of audit procedures.

Significant Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, business conditions affecting the Authority, and business plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement, with management each year prior to our retention as the Authority's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship, and our responses were not a condition of our retention.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated February 5, 2025.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a second opinion on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Authority's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Section II - Other Recommendations and Related Information

User Access Reviews

During our audit procedures, we noted that there are a number of individuals who have administrative access and/or the ability to make payroll changes in the payroll software (UKG), including some individuals who are also involved in key internal controls of the Authority. We noted that there are mitigating controls in place to address the potential of misappropriation of assets, some detective and some preventive. However, to further strengthen internal controls, we recommend the Authority review user access within the payroll system and limit user abilities to only those needed to perform job duties (as well as limiting administrators to those who are not part of the internal control system), if possible. We further recommend that a review of user access of each employee be done at least annually by the Authority for both the general ledger and payroll systems.

Section III - Legislative and Informational Items

Inflation Reduction Act (IRA)

Significant legislation was enacted in 2022 that has dramatically expanded the available tax credits, tax incentives, and other funding opportunities related to the green energy sector. Several of these are built on previously existing programs, but many are new and widely applicable. Additionally, new monetization options expand the benefits of tax credits for qualifying activities to public sector organizations like the Authority. The breadth of qualifying activities is significant, including, in most cases, the production of electricity; production of solar, wind, and energy equipment; installation of energy-efficient upgrades to businesses and homes; and the acquisition of electric vehicles (EVs) and charging equipment. We are happy to discuss any questions or potential tax credit opportunities with you, and please also feel free to visit our IRA tax credits articles and webinars at https://www.plantemoran.com/explore-our-thinking/areas-of-focus/inflation-reduction-act-tax-credits.

Cybersecurity and Information Technology Controls

Cyberattacks are on the rise across the globe, and the cost of these attacks is ever increasing. Because of these attacks, municipalities stand to lose their reputation, the ability to operate efficiently, and proprietary information or assets. Communities potentially can also be subject to financial and legal liabilities. Managing this issue is especially challenging because even a municipality with a highly mature cybersecurity risk management program still has a residual risk that a material cybersecurity breach could occur and not be detected in a timely manner. We understand that the technology department continues to monitor and evaluate this risk, which are critical best practices. Additionally, periodic assessment of the system in order to verify that the control environment is working as intended is a key part of measuring associated business risk. We encourage administration and those charged with governance to work with the technology team on this very important topic. If we can be of assistance in the process, we would be happy to do so.

OMB Revisions to the Uniform Guidance

In April 2024, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) released revisions for the Uniform Guidance for federal grants and agreements, which are effective for fiscal year ends beginning on October 1, 2024 and after. The guidance clarifies the applicability of requirements and terminology and includes some relaxation and clarification of certain requirements that required prior approval from federal regulators. A few key changes include the following:

- Increase the single audit threshold to \$1 million from \$750,000
- Require the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) to identify recipient of federal award for audits that cover multiple recipients
- Increase the *de minimis* indirect cost rate from 10 percent to 15 percent, effective for grants received on October 1, 2024 and after

The changes are included in more detail within the federal register at <u>https://www.federalregister.</u> <u>gov/documents/2024/04/22/2024-07496/guidance-for-federal-financial-assistance</u>, and we are happy to discuss these changes with you.

Capitalization Thresholds

The April 2024 Uniform Grants Guidance 2024 Revision described above resulted in the equipment threshold increasing from \$5,000 to \$10,000. This threshold applies to the value of equipment that at the end of the grant period may be retained, sold, or otherwise disposed of with no further responsibility to the federal agency. In addition to considering this Uniform Guidance threshold related to federal grants compliance, it may be a good time for the Authority to reevaluate the capitalization thresholds. We are happy to assist you in thinking through considerations in evaluating these thresholds.

Section III - Legislative and Informational Items (Continued)

Other New Legislation

Upcoming Accounting Standards Requiring Preparation

We actively monitor new Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards and due process documents and provide periodic updates to help you understand how the latest financial reporting developments will impact the Authority. In addition to the summaries below and to stay up to date, Plante & Moran, PLLC issues a biannual GASB accounting standard update. The most recent update and a link to previous fall and spring updates are available <u>here</u>.

GASB Statement No. 101 - Compensated Absences

This new accounting pronouncement will be effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending September 30, 2025. The statement requires all compensated absences be reported under a new unified model that provides recognition and measurement guidance for all compensated absences that meet certain criteria. This is a major shift from the prior standards that provided different recognition and measurement guidance for vacation leave versus sick leave. Under the new standard, all compensated absences (with some exceptions like parental leave and military leave) that meet three criteria are to be recognized (accrued). The three criteria are (1) the absence accumulates, (2) the absence is attributed to services already performed, and (3) the absence is more likely than not to be either paid or settled through other means.

A few of the more significant changes from prior guidance include the elimination of specific recognition criteria for sick leave (GASB 16's termination payment method and vesting method) in lieu of standard recognition criteria for all types of compensated absences that meet the criteria. In addition, the prior standards used the "probable criteria" as a measurement stick for recognition; GASB 101 lowers that threshold to more likely than not. More likely than not means a likelihood of more than 50 percent. Because GASB 101 does not prescribe the manner in which these leave liabilities are estimated once the criteria are met, organizations will have significant latitude in how these estimates are determined. Because of this, there may be additional reporting and additional disaggregation of historical employee leave usage information that may be required in order to come up with an accurate estimate of these liabilities. We strongly suggest the Authority start thinking about these changes now, brainstorm estimation methodologies, and begin gathering the necessary information in order to successfully adopt this new standard.

GASB Statement No. 102 - Certain Risk Disclosures

This new accounting pronouncement will be effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending September 30, 2025. This statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. It also requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. If certain criteria are met for a concentration or constraint, disclosures are required in the notes to the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 103 - Financial Reporting Model Improvements

This new accounting pronouncement will be effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending September 30, 2026. This statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements, or modifies existing requirements, related to the following: management's discussion and analysis; unusual or infrequent items; presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund net position; information about major component units in basic financial statements; budgetary comparison information; and financial trends information in the statistical section.

Section III - Legislative and Informational Items (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 104 - Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets

This new accounting pronouncement will be effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending September 30, 2026. This new accounting pronouncement requires certain types of capital assets, such as lease assets, intangible right-to-use assets, subscription assets, and other intangible assets, to be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital assets note. The statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale.

Significant GASB Proposals Worth Watching

The Revenue and Expense Recognition project aims to develop a comprehensive accounting and financial reporting model for transactions that result in revenue and expenses. The GASB has issued a preliminary views document that proposes a new categorization framework that replaces the exchange/nonexchange transaction notion with a four-step categorization process for classifying a transaction. In addition to this new framework, the proposal also addresses recognition and measurement of revenue and expense transactions. The exposure draft for this project is expected sometime in 2025.

Plante & Moran, PLLC has spent significant time digesting this new proposed standard and recently testified to the GASB about our feedback. We strongly encourage the Authority to monitor developments with this standard, as the potential impact is quite broad.



February 5, 2025

To Ms. Dina Reed Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority 2700 S. Industrial Highway Ann Arbor, MI 458104

Dear Ms. Dina Reed:

Enclosed are your annual financial reports and report to the board for the year ended September 30, 2024 as follows:

- Financial statements
- Single audit report
- Required communie ation, under AU 260, to the board

To assist you in determining the distribution requirements of your annual reports, the filing requirements for several agencies are summarized below. In general, please ensure that the financial statements are included with any distributions of the single audit report.

The single audit report package (as referred to below) includes the following:

- Financial statements
- Single audit report

Single Audit Filing Requirements

We are in the process of preparing the data collection form (DCF) on your behalf. As you are aware, in October 2023, the Federal Audit Clearinghouse (FAC) transitioned from the U.S. Census to the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA). The transition to a new platform has changed how the form is completed and processed.

- The first time you access the system, the certifying official for your organization needs to create a new account. Each user will be required to have a unique account that is linked to a cellphone for two-factor authentication.
- The DCF will be completed by us in the Excel workbooks provided by the FAC. Plante & Moran, PLLC will send the completed workbooks for your review via email. Your review of the workbooks is critical, as we are unable to edit the form once it is uploaded to the FAC. Once your review is complete, communicate the status of your review to Pamela Hill.
- The certifying official for your organization will need to electronically certify the single audit data collection form. You will receive an email from Plante & Moran, PLLC with certification instructions.
- We will upload the entire reporting package electronically to the FAC. You no longer need to send any hard copies of the reports to the clearinghouse.



To Ms. Dina Reed Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

• You will need to electronically certify the single audit data collection form. You will receive an automated email from the clearinghouse with certification instructions. In order to certify, you will need to ensure the certifying official at your organization has set up a personal account within the Internet Data Entry System (IDES) being used by the FAC for these data collection form filings.

Thank you for the opportunity to serve as your auditors. Please contact us if you have any questions regarding these filing requirements.

Very truly yours,

Plante & Moran, PLLC



Dawn Gabay Operations Center 2700 S. Industrial Highway Ann Arbor, MI 48104

Phone: 734.973.6500 Fax: 734.973.6338 Online: TheRide.org

January 23, 2025

Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority September 30, 2024 Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Prior Year Finding Number: 2023-001

Fiscal Year in Which the Finding Initially Occurred: 2023

Federal Program, Assistance Listing Number and Name: N/A

Original Finding Description:

It was noted that certain account balances were not reconciled or did not agree to the underlying documentation.

Status/Partial Corrective Action (as applicable):

Fully Corrected

Planned Corrective Action: N/A

Point of Contact: Dina Reed dreed@theride.org (also please Cc: my executive assistant, Mary Medley-Fields mkmedleyfields@theride.org)

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Dina Reed Deputy CEO, Finance & Administration TheRide // Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

Federal Awards Supplementary Information September 30, 2024

Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

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Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

We have audited the financial statements of the enterprise fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2025, which contained an unmodified opinion on the financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. We have not performed any procedures with respect to the audited financial statements subsequent to February 5, 2025.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis, as required by the Uniform Guidance, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Alente + Moran, PLLC

February 5, 2025





Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To Management and the Board of Directors Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the enterprise fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



To Management and the Board of Directors Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Alante i Moran, PLLC

February 5, 2025



Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority's (the "Authority") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Authority's major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2024. The Authority's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Authority's federal program.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Authority's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Authority's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

To the Board of Directors Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Alante & Moran, PLLC

February 5, 2025

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended September 30, 2024

through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Identifying Project Provided to		Federal	
Is: Jrbanized Area Formula Program) Jrbanized Area Formula Program) nsit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) sistance Competitive, and Low or No Emissions Programs	20.507 20.507 20.507 20.507 20.526	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	M190-X822 M190-X840 M122-X050 M122-X009 M134-0086	\$	\$ 321,721 421,295 158,137 6,799,897 	
uthority of Southeast Michigan (RTA CMAQ D2A2 Service)	20.507	M2024-01	M2024-01	<u> </u>	<u>2,192,216</u> 9,982,081	
Direct Awards: ndividuals with Disabilities ndividuals with Disabilities ndividuals with Disabilities ndividuals with Disabilities ndividuals with Disabilities ndividuals with Disabilities	20.513 20.513 20.513 20.513 20.513 20.513 20.513	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	MI16-0039 MI16-0038 MI16-4008 MI16-X045 MI16-4009 MI16-X019	30,385 99,246 26,090 219,254 25,000 78,000 477,975	30,385 99,246 26,090 219,254 25,000 78,000 477,975	
t of Transportation - J Tribal Transit Program	20.509	1207-2024-1	1207-2024-1	429,694	429,694	
an Council of Governments (SEMCOG): ı (Federal-Aid Highway Program) ı (Federal-Aid Highway Program) vards	20.205 20.205	24001 24005	N/A N/A	- 	81,723 50,583 132,306 \$ 11,022,056	

litures of federal awards.

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Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended September 30, 2024

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority (the "Authority") under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2024. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Authority.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The Authority has elected not to use the 10 percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate to recover indirect costs, as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended September 30, 202

Section L. Summany of Auditor's Populto	•
Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results	
Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	Yes <u>X</u> No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	Yes X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> None reported
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	Yes <u>X</u> None reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes X No
Identification of major programs:	
Assistance Listing Number Name of Federal Program or	Cluster Opinion
20.507, 20.526 Federal Transit Cluster	Unmodified
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Section II - Financial Statement Audit Findings	
Finding	
None	
Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings	1
	Questioned
Finding	Costs
None	

Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority



Year Ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

Financial Statements This page intentionally left blank.

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the enterprise fund and fiduciary fund of the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the enterprise fund and fiduciary fund of the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority as of September 30, 2024 and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Report on Prior Year Financial Statements

The basic financial statements of the enterprise fund and fiduciary fund of the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023 were audited by other auditors, who expressed an unmodified opinion on the enterprise fund and fiduciary fund on February 14, 2024.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Board of Directors Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, except for the schedule of urban and nonurban regular service nonfinancial information and schedule of operating assistance calculation, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, except for the schedule of urban and nonurban regular service nonfinancial information and schedule of operating assistance calculation, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Additional Information

Management is responsible for the accompanying schedule of urban and nonurban regular service nonfinancial information and schedule of operating assistance calculation, which are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover such information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 5, 2025 on our consideration of the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Alente i Moran, PLLC

February 5, 2025

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority (the "Authority") in Ann Arbor, Michigan, we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information in conjunction with the financial statements, related note disclosures and the required supplementary and additional information as listed in the table of contents.

Governance of the Authority

The Authority was chartered in 1969 by the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan, as a not-for-profit unit of local government under Public Act 55 of 1963. In 2013, the Authority and the City of Ann Arbor approved the City of Ypsilanti's and the Charter Township of Ypsilanti's requests to become members of the Authority, creating a three-member authority and what was originally known as the Ann Arbor Transportation Authority (AATA) was renamed to the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority (AAATA). Additionally, the Board of Directors expanded from seven directors to ten directors, by adding one director each from the City of Ann Arbor, the City of Ypsilanti and the Charter Township of Ypsilanti.

Summary of The State of TheRide in 2024

In Fiscal Year 2024 TheRide experienced moderate but steady ridership recovery and continues to improve financial stability. While the acute phase of the pandemic has passed, its lasting effects continue to shape public transportation. Our communities have fully reopened, and economic and social activities have largely normalized, but with notable shifts in commuting habits due to increased remote and hybrid work. Like other agencies, TheRide is now focusing on service adjustments to meet these evolving needs, while also addressing challenges, such as inflation, and recruiting and retaining essential staff. TheRide is positioned for growth with adequate funding, an increased emphasis on sustainability, equity, accessibility, and the continued modernization of operational assets.

TheRide is focused on growing ridership by offering strategic expanded service enhancements and making investments in organizational efficiencies. In fiscal year 2024 TheRide began implementing it's first phase of the long-range plan (TheRide 2045), approved by the Board of Directors in fiscal year 2022, replacing the former long-range plan known as the 5YTIP. Funding for this plan included a five-year property tax millage of 2.38 mills, and was approved by the voters of the Cities of Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti and Ypsilanti Township in August 2022. The new millage is a five-year millage spanning from 2024 through 2028 and supports public transportations services, including service expansions promised in the millage, while funding the growing costs of historical service levels. The service expansions align with state and national efforts to enhance public transportation availability and adapt to changing commuter patterns post-pandemic.

As demonstrated through the financial statements presented in this report, TheRide is financially stable. TheRide operated within the approved FY2024 budget, maintained more than adequate cash flow through the fiscal year, and ended the year with growth in net assets. The approved millage increased property tax revenues, eliminating reliance on federal pandemic relief funds to support ongoing operations and providing service expansions. TheRide's reserve balances are at or above target levels, has no debt or unfunded liabilities, and has dedicated property tax revenues through 2028.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Financial stability and prudence will be maintained by continuing to administer effective financial controls and disciplined stewardship of financial management, organizational resources and strategic decision making, consistent with Board policies. This commitment to financial management will bolster the organization against liquidity issues, budget cuts, and other risks that could jeopardize the organization's ability to carry out its mission.

Overview of the Financial Statements and Financial Analysis

The discussion is intended to present an overview of the Authority's financial performance for the years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 and does not purport to make any statement regarding the future operations of the Authority. While the Authority is an instrumentality of the State of Michigan, it is not a component of the State as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The annual report consists of the basic financial statements, which are the statement of net position (formerly called the balance sheet), statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position (formerly net assets), and the statements of cash flows, prepared in accordance with GASB principles. This report also contains other additional information in addition to the basic financial statements, as required by the State of Michigan Departments of Treasury and Transportation.

The basic financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2023 have been audited and are included herein for comparative purposes.

Financial Highlights

The Authority's total assets increased from the prior year by \$16.4 million (15.2%), primarily due to an increase of \$22.9 million (42.0%) in total cash and investments. The increase in cash and investments reflects the new property tax levy effective in fiscal year 2024.

Total net position increased by \$15.2 million (15.0%) as the unrestricted net position increased by \$19.2 million (31.9%) offset by a decrease net investment in capital assets of \$4.2 million (10.2%) and increase in restricted for OPEB of \$0.2 million.

Total operating revenues is comprised of passenger fares and special fares, where someone other than the passenger pays the fare. These decreased about \$0.5 million (11.4%) as the result of contract details between the Authority and UofM related to the Mride program.

Total non-operating revenues includes federal, state and local funding. These increased \$13.5 million (22.0%) mostly due increase in property tax levies of about \$17.8 million with the new tax levy, and investment income of \$1.5 million with improved market, as well as an increase in current funding of \$2.5 million from the State of Michigan. This is offset by a decrease in federal revenue of \$9.5 million primarily as a result of \$8.2 million less in ARP/CARES ACT funding as it was completed in fiscal year 2024.

Total operating expenses increased by \$3.4 million (5.5%), driven by higher costs for Operators' Salaries and Wages (\$2 million) and Purchased Transportation (\$1.4 million), reflecting the Authority's implementation of millage-funded service enhancements which began during the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Authority's Net Position

The statements of net position include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. It is prepared under the "full accrual" basis of accounting, whereby revenues and assets are recognized when the service is provided and expenses and liabilities are recognized when they occur, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Assets and liabilities are measured using the economic resources measurement focus. Capital assets are reported at historical cost less an allowance for depreciation.

A summary of the Authority's assets, liabilities and net position at September 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 follows (in thousands):

	Net Position					
	2024 2023			2022		
Assets						
Current assets	\$	86,917	\$	66,497	\$	56,338
Noncurrent assets		216		56		21
Capital assets, net		36,932		41,125		41,319
		124,065		107,678		97,678
Deferred outflows of resources		75		148		141
Liabilities						
Other liabilities		5,267		4,260		4,063
Noncurrent liabilities, including OPEB		1,569		1,408		1,730
		6,836		5,668		5,793
Deferred inflows of resources		587		649		683
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets		36,932		41,125		41,319
Restricted		216		56		21
Unrestricted		79,569		60,328		50,003
Total net position	\$	116,717	\$	101,509	\$	91,343

At September 30, 2024, the Authority's net position was \$116.7 million, compared to \$101.5 million at September 30, 2023.

Beginning in 2021, the Authority established a capital projects reserve, an operating reserve requirement and a workers' compensation insurance reserve. The total net position includes an unrestricted net position of \$79.6 million of which \$46.7 million is committed to reserves, leaving \$32.9 million uncommitted. Of the committed unrestricted net position, the funds are reserved as follow (in thousands):

Capital Projects Reserve	\$ 33,260
Operating Reserve	12,905
Worker's Compensation Reserve	 500
	\$ 46,665

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The majority of the Authority's current liabilities are accounts payable and other accrued expenses.

The Authority maintains a postretirement healthcare plan and life insurance plan (the "Plan") and adopted the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". This Standard requires the Authority to recognize the expense related to these healthcare and life insurance benefits on an actuarially determined basis to better match the expense of the benefits with the period in which employees earn the benefit instead of a "pay as you go" basis. The overfunded actuarial accrued asset for the Plan was \$215,938 as of September 30, 2024, based on the most recent measurement date. This asset increased about \$160 thousand or 286% from the prior year, which reflected an asset of \$56,322, primarily because of changes to the demographic experience and updates to the per-capita claims and contribution rates. See Note 15 for more information.

The total assets and deferred outflows of the Authority exceeded its total liabilities and deferred inflows by \$116.7 million (net position) as of September 30, 2024. Of this amount, \$79.8 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to fund future operations and meet future obligations of the Authority. The July 1, 2024 property tax levies of about \$38.4 million have been included in nonoperating revenues for the year ended September 30, 2024, even though three quarters of this funding will be needed to help support operations from October 1, 2024 to June 30, 2025.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

A summary of the Authority's revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended September 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 is as follows (in thousands):

	Change in Net Position					
		2024		2023		2022
Operating revenues	\$	3,823	\$	4,315	\$	2,994
Operating expenses		(65,200)		(61,821)		(57,356)
Operating loss		(61,377)		(57,506)		(54,362)
Nonoperating revenues		74,891		61,391		58,767
Change in net position before						
capital contributions		13,514		3,885		4,405
Net capital contributions		1,694		6,281		1,319
Change in net position		15,208		10,166		5,724
Net position, beginning of year		101,509		91,343		85,619
Net position, end of year	\$	116,717	\$	101,509	\$	91,343

The Authority's primary sources of operating revenues are passenger fares collected in the farebox in each bus, sales of 30-day passes and tokens. Other operating revenues are special fares where someone else other than the rider pays the fare, such as the MRide program paid by the University of Michigan and the go!pass program paid by the Downtown Development Authority of the City of Ann Arbor.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Total operating expenses of \$65.2 million include operations (\$43.8 million), fleet and facility maintenance (\$9.3 million) and general administration (\$12.1 million). The largest portion of all expenses is employee wages and fringe benefits of about \$31.6 million, 48.5% of all expenses.

Non-operating revenues include Federal and State grants. Local operating assistance includes local property taxes, purchase of service agreements, other governmental agreements and bus advertising.

Capital contributions represent federal, state and local grants for the purchase of new capital assets. A portion of Federal formula dollars (Section 5307) can be used as operating assistance. In 2024 and 2023, the Authority used approximately \$2.2 million and \$2.9 million, respectively for Federal operating assistance, such as operating assistance, planning, preventive maintenance, and capital cost of contracting. In 2024, Federal formula dollars were only used for the RTA D2A2 program.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the basic financial statements.

Capital Assets

The Authority continues to invest in facilities and equipment. In 2024, the Authority continued building rehabilitation for the operations facility. The Authority's largest capital investments include vehicles and related equipment, net of depreciation, of \$18.2 million in 2024 and \$22.0 million in 2023 and the land and buildings, net of depreciation, of \$15.0 million in 2024 and \$15.6 million in 2023.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget (Fiscal Year 2025)

For fiscal year 2025, the Board of Directors adopted a \$68.7 million operating budget and a \$38.9 million capital budget. The operating budget is balanced with no surplus.

The most significant initiatives impacting the FY2025 operating budget is the first full year of enhanced and expanded services promised in the 2022 millage proposal (the millage). In August 2022 the communities we serve supported a new millage that addressed funding challenges faced by the agency for years, which were exacerbated by impacts of the pandemic. The millage also included funding for the first phase of the Long-Range Plan approved in 2022, which includes enhancements and expansion of services that began in fiscal year 2024. The approved millage was approved for 2024 through 2028. The funding provides for the maintenance of current services and numerous enhancements to better serve the riding public.

The Authority receives significant operating assistance each year from the State of Michigan Comprehensive Transportation Fund. The source of these funds includes a portion of state gasoline taxes, vehicle-related sales taxes, license fees and other taxes and fees. These funds are subject to legislative appropriation each year and the percentage of eligible expenses funded is subject to change during the year and subject to reconciliation and audit after the year has concluded.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Local funding is provided through municipal property tax levies and purchase of service agreements from the following communities: the Cities of Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti, Chelsea and the Charter Townships of Pittsfield, Scio, Superior and Ypsilanti.

The 2.38 mill property tax levy, which funds existing activities and the TheRide 2045 phase 1 service enhancements, was levied starting on July 1, 2024, and will continue to be annually through July 1, 2028.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the transit provider's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Manager, Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority, 2700 South Industrial Highway, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104. The Authority's website at www.theride.org contains copies of the annual operating budgets, annual audits and financial operating reports.

This year and prior year audited financial statements are also available on the State of Michigan's website at https://treas-secure.state.mi.us/LAFDocSearch/. Once there, select "Washtenaw County" for County, select the year "2024" (or a previous year as far back as 2004) for the Year and "Authority, Drain District" for the municipality Type. Then you can select the "Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority" for the municipality.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statements of Net Position

2024 2023 Current assets: 5 58,605,934 \$ 34,771,313 Investments 18,955,633 19,858,794 Accounts receivable, net 623,783 1,611,047 Grants receivable, net 1,333,321 1,241,097 Inventomy 1,313,775 1,380,675 Total current assets: 86,917,255 66,6496,766 Noncurrent assets: 86,917,255 66,6496,766 Noncurrent assets: 215,938 56,322 Capital assets 215,938 56,322 Capital assets 215,938 56,322 Capital assets 2,270,821 2,270,821 Park and Ride lot construction 30,675,815 30,648,333 Equipment and other 74,840,323 77,666,225 Construction in progress 112,424,425 116,482,001 Total current assets 114,204,425 116,482,001 Less accumulated depreciation 7,782,749 7,335,656 Net capital assets 124,064,828 107,678,463 Deferred outhow of resources 2,506,714		Septer	September 30		
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Deferred OPEB amounts 75,511 148,237 Liabilities	Total assets	124,064,828	107,678,463		
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 4,030,563 Accrued payroll 893,569 Accrued compensated absences, current portion 193,958 Other accrued expenses 30,757 Unearned revenue 117,867 Total current liabilities: 5,266,714 Accrued compensated absences 1,569,295 Noncurrent liabilities: 4,260,268 Noncurrent liabilities: 6,836,009 Accrued compensated absences 1,569,295 Deferred inflows of resources 587,333 Deferred OPEB amounts 587,333 May of the section of the secti	Deferred outflow of resources				
Current liabilities: 4,030,563 3,502,966 Accounts payable 4,030,563 3,502,966 Accrued payroll 893,569 442,422 Accrued compensated absences, current portion 193,958 174,009 Other accrued expenses 30,757 33,182 Unearned revenue 117,867 107,689 Total current liabilities 5,266,714 4,260,268 Noncurrent liabilities: 4,030,563 5,668,154 Accrued compensated absences 1,569,295 1,407,886 Total liabilities 6,836,009 5,668,154 Deferred inflows of resources 587,333 649,075 Net position 1 587,333 649,075 Investment in capital assets 36,931,635 41,125,375 Unrestricted 79,569,424 60,327,774 Restricted for OPEB 215,938 56,322	Deferred OPEB amounts	75,511	148,237		
Accounts payable 4,030,563 3,502,966 Accrued payroll 893,569 442,422 Accrued compensated absences, current portion 193,958 174,009 Other accrued expenses 30,757 33,182 Unearned revenue 117,867 107,689 Total current liabilities: 5,266,714 4,260,268 Noncurrent liabilities: 5,266,714 4,260,268 Accrued compensated absences 1,569,295 1,407,886 Total liabilities 6,836,009 5,668,154 Deferred inflows of resources 587,333 649,075 Deferred OPEB amounts 36,931,635 41,125,375 Investment in capital assets 36,931,635 41,125,375 Unrestricted 79,569,424 60,327,774 Restricted for OPEB 215,938 56,322	Liabilities				
Accrued payroll 893,569 442,422 Accrued compensated absences, current portion 193,958 174,009 Other accrued expenses 30,757 33,182 Unearned revenue 117,867 107,689 Total current liabilities: 5,266,714 4,260,268 Noncurrent liabilities: 6,836,009 5,668,154 Deferred inflows of resources 6,836,009 5,668,154 Deferred oPEB amounts 587,333 649,075 Net position 36,931,635 41,125,375 Investment in capital assets 36,931,635 41,125,375 Unrestricted 79,569,424 60,327,774 Restricted for OPEB 215,938 56,322	Current liabilities:				
Accrued compensated absences, current portion 193,958 174,009 Other accrued expenses 30,757 33,182 Unearned revenue 117,867 107,689 Total current liabilities 5,266,714 4,260,268 Noncurrent liabilities: Accrued compensated absences 1,569,295 1,407,886 Total liabilities 6,836,009 5,668,154 Deferred inflows of resources 587,333 649,075 Net position 1 1 125,375 Investment in capital assets 36,931,635 41,125,375 Unrestricted 79,569,424 60,327,774 Restricted for OPEB 215,938 56,322	Accounts payable	4,030,563	3,502,966		
Other accrued expenses 30,757 33,182 Unearned revenue 117,867 107,689 Total current liabilities 5,266,714 4,260,268 Noncurrent liabilities: Accrued compensated absences 1,569,295 1,407,886 Total liabilities 6,836,009 5,668,154 Deferred inflows of resources 587,333 649,075 Net position 1 36,931,635 41,125,375 Investment in capital assets 36,931,635 41,125,375 Unrestricted 79,569,424 60,327,774 Restricted for OPEB 215,938 56,322	Accrued payroll	893,569	442,422		
Unearned revenue 117,867 107,689 Total current liabilities 5,266,714 4,260,268 Noncurrent liabilities: 1,569,295 1,407,886 Accrued compensated absences 1,569,295 1,407,886 Total liabilities 6,836,009 5,668,154 Deferred inflows of resources 587,333 649,075 Net position 587,333 649,075 Investment in capital assets 36,931,635 41,125,375 Unrestricted 79,569,424 60,327,774 Restricted for OPEB 215,938 56,322	Accrued compensated absences, current portion	193,958	174,009		
Total current liabilities 5,266,714 4,260,268 Noncurrent liabilities: 1,569,295 1,407,886 Accrued compensated absences 6,836,009 5,668,154 Total liabilities 6,836,009 5,668,154 Deferred inflows of resources 587,333 649,075 Net position 1 1 Investment in capital assets 36,931,635 41,125,375 Unrestricted 79,569,424 60,327,774 Restricted for OPEB 215,938 56,322	Other accrued expenses	30,757	33,182		
Noncurrent liabilities: Accrued compensated absences1,569,2951,407,886Total liabilities6,836,0095,668,154Deferred inflows of resources Deferred OPEB amounts587,333649,075Net position Investment in capital assets36,931,63541,125,375Unrestricted Restricted for OPEB79,569,42460,327,774Restricted for OPEB215,93856,322	Unearned revenue	117,867	107,689		
Accrued compensated absences1,569,2951,407,886Total liabilities6,836,0095,668,154Deferred inflows of resources Deferred OPEB amounts587,333649,075Net position111Investment in capital assets36,931,63541,125,375Unrestricted79,569,42460,327,774Restricted for OPEB215,93856,322	Total current liabilities	5,266,714	4,260,268		
Total liabilities 6,836,009 5,668,154 Deferred inflows of resources 587,333 649,075 Deferred OPEB amounts 587,333 649,075 Net position 1nvestment in capital assets 36,931,635 41,125,375 Unrestricted 79,569,424 60,327,774 Restricted for OPEB 215,938 56,322	Noncurrent liabilities:				
Deferred inflows of resourcesDeferred OPEB amounts587,333Net positionInvestment in capital assets36,931,635Unrestricted79,569,42460,327,774Restricted for OPEB215,93856,322	Accrued compensated absences	1,569,295	1,407,886		
Deferred OPEB amounts 587,333 649,075 Net position	Total liabilities	6,836,009	5,668,154		
Net position Investment in capital assets 36,931,635 41,125,375 Unrestricted 79,569,424 60,327,774 Restricted for OPEB 215,938 56,322	Deferred inflows of resources				
Investment in capital assets 36,931,635 41,125,375 Unrestricted 79,569,424 60,327,774 Restricted for OPEB 215,938 56,322	Deferred OPEB amounts	587,333	649,075		
Unrestricted 79,569,424 60,327,774 Restricted for OPEB 215,938 56,322	Net position				
Restricted for OPEB 215,938 56,322	Investment in capital assets	36,931,635	41,125,375		
	Unrestricted	79,569,424	60,327,774		
Total net position \$ 116,716,997 \$ 101,509,471	Restricted for OPEB				
	Total net position	\$ 116,716,997	\$ 101,509,471		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2024		2023
Operating revenues	\$ 3,822,673	\$	4,315,606
Operating expenses			
Operations	43,836,258		42,231,006
Maintenance	9,333,404		8,229,355
General administration	 12,030,506		11,360,713
Total operating expenses	 65,200,168		61,821,074
Operating loss	(61,377,495)		(57,505,468)
Nonoperating revenues Local State Federal	 44,865,088 20,342,774 9,682,743		24,287,587 17,989,845 19,113,527
Total nonoperating revenues	74,890,605		61,390,959
Change in net position before capital contributions	13,513,110		3,885,491
Capital contributions - federal, state and local	1,694,416		6,281,184
Change in net position	 15,207,526		10,166,675
Net position, beginning of year	101,509,471		91,342,796
Net position, end of year	\$ 116,716,997	\$	101,509,471

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

	For the Year Ended September 30			
	2024	2023		
Cash flows from operating activities				
Receipts from transit operations	\$ 3,065,376	\$ 2,717,819		
Payments for salaries and wages and fringe benefits	(31,162,058)	(30,062,832)		
Payments to suppliers	(11,744,286)	(10,774,201)		
Payments for claims and insurance	(1,792,163)	(2,481,051)		
Payments for purchased transportation	(12,345,843)	(11,674,129)		
Net cash used in operating activities	(53,978,974)	(52,274,394)		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Nonoperating revenues:				
Local	44,639,407	24,146,354		
State	21,405,324	16,531,929		
Federal	11,328,323	21,866,068		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	77,373,054	62,544,351		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,697,660)	(6,366,075)		
Capital contributed by state and federal grants	1,694,416	6,281,184		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(3,244)	(84,891)		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of investment securities	(14,734,873)	(3,284,615)		
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investment securities	14,547,196	1,500,000		
Interest income	631,462	921,736		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	443,785	(862,879)		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	23,834,621	9,322,187		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	34,771,313	25,449,126		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 58,605,934	\$ 34,771,313		

continued...

Statements of Cash Flows

	Fo	For the Year Ended September 30			
		2024		2023	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in					
operating activities					
Operating loss	\$	(61,377,495)	\$	(57,505,468)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash					
used in operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		5,891,400		6,560,033	
Changes in assets and liabilities which provided by (used in) cash:					
Accounts receivable		987,264		(576,086)	
Inventory		(133,100)		(178,972)	
Deferred outflows		72,726		(7,146)	
Prepaid expenses		(356,088)		(369,673)	
Payables		527,597		428,754	
Accrued payroll		451,147		(74,216)	
Other accrued expenses		(42,425)		(551,620)	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(53,978,974)	\$	(52,274,394)	
Supplemental cash flows disclosures:					
Noncash transactions:					
Subcontracted revenue - urban demand response (Note 13)		178,906		186,625	
Nonurban - passenger fares and other governmental sources		1,565,655		835,076	
	\$	1,744,561	\$	1,021,701	
Noncash investing and capital and related financing activities:					
Increase in fair value of investments	\$	462,376	\$	232,953	

concluded

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Fiduciary Net Position

Other Postemployment Trust Fund - Fiduciary Fund

	For	For the Year Ended September 3				
		2024		2023		
Assets:						
Cash	\$	-	\$	-		
Investments		997,940		850,370		
Total assets		997,940		850,370		
Liabilities		-		-		
Net position Restricted for postemployment benefits other than pension	\$	997,940	\$	850,370		

See notes to financial statements.

Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Other Postemployment Trust Fund - Fiduciary Fund

	For the Year Ended September 3			
		2024		2023
Additions:				
Employer contributions	\$	31,450	\$	31,526
Investment income		149,512		90,047
Total additions		180,962		121,573
Deductions:				
Benefit payments		31,450		31,526
Administrative expenses		1,942		1,604
Total deductions		33,392		33,130
Net increase in net position		147,570		88,443
Net position, beginning of year		850,370		761,927
Net position, end of year	\$	997,940	\$	850,370

See notes to financial statements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements

1. NATURE OF THE ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of the Organization

The Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority (the "Authority") is a governmental unit established under Act 55 of 1963 of the State of Michigan to provide a mass transportation system within and beyond the corporate limits of the City of Ann Arbor. In 2013, the City of Ypsilanti and the Charter Township of Ypsilanti became members of the Authority.

The Authority is not included in the financial reporting entities of the cities of Ann Arbor or Ypsilanti or the Charter Township of Ypsilanti because the municipalities do not have the ability to exercise significant oversight over the Authority. The Authority can independently generate revenue, adopt budgets and borrow funds.

Eight members of the governing Board of Directors are appointed by the mayor of the City of Ann Arbor and confirmed by the City of Ann Arbor Council. One member of the governing Board of Directors is appointed by the mayor of the City of Ypsilanti and confirmed by the City of Ypsilanti Council. One member of the Board of Directors is appointed by the township supervisor of the Charter Township of Ypsilanti and confirmed by the township's Board of Trustees.

In December 2012, the passage of Michigan Public Act (PA) 387 created the Regional Transit Authority of Southeast Michigan (RTA) and added Washtenaw County to the formerly tri-county transit region comprised of Macomb, Oakland and Wayne counties. The Authority, the Suburban Mobility Authority for Regional Transportation (SMART), the Detroit Department of Transportation (DDOT) and the Detroit Transportation Corporation (the Detroit People Mover) are subrecipients of the RTA for Federal and state operating assistance and capital grants. The State of Michigan and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) pay such funds directly to the Authority at the direction of the RTA.

Significant Accounting Policies

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements – This report includes the fund-based statements of the Authority. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental entities, a government-wide presentation with program and general revenues is not applicable to special purpose governments engaged only business-type activities. The activities of the Authority are accounted for in a single proprietary fund type enterprise fund and a fiduciary (retiree health and life benefit) fund.

Basis of Accounting – The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues from operations, investments, and other sources are recorded when earned. Expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

The accounting policies of the Authority conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Notes to Financial Statements

Cash and Cash Equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with maturities of less than 28 days when acquired.

Investments are held primarily in certificates of deposit and in pooled municipal investment trust funds. These trust funds consist of certificates of deposit, United States Treasury securities, repurchase agreements and commercial paper. Investments are stated at fair value.

Classification of Revenue – Revenues are classified as operating revenues, nonoperating revenues and capital contributions according to the following criteria:

Operating revenues – Operating revenues, such as passenger fares and special transit fares, include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values.

Nonoperating revenues – Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, in which the Authority receives value without directly giving equal value in return, such as federal and state operating grants, property tax levies, fees paid by other municipalities under purchase of service agreements, and interest income. On an accrual basis, revenue from these grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Capital contributions – Capital contributions are federal, state and local grants designated for the purchase and/or construction of land, buildings and equipment and are recognized as revenue and are included in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. On an accrual basis, revenue from these contributions is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include expenditure requirements in which the resources are provided to the Authority on a reimbursement basis.

Property Taxes – Property taxes are levied as an enforceable lien on property on July 1 by the cities of Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti and Ypsilanti Township. Property taxes are recognized as revenue when levied, with proper allowances made for estimated adjustments and Michigan Tax Tribunal refunds. Property tax revenue is reported on the local revenue line in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Compensated Absences - The Authority records the expense for vacation and sick pay benefits when earned by the employees. The portion of the accrual for unused vacation and sick leave that is reported as a current liability is based on an estimate of the amount employees are expected to use in the upcoming year. The remainder of the accrual is reported as a noncurrent liability. The accrual for compensated absences amounts to \$1,763,253 and \$1,581,895 for the years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Inventory and Prepaid Items - Inventory is stated at the average weighted cost or market. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items.

Cash Flows - **Cash and Investment Classification** - For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, the Authority considers all cash investments with an original maturity of twenty-eight days or more when purchased to be investments, which is consistent with how investments have been classified on the statement of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

Capital Assets - Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 or as deemed necessary and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets include land, buildings, vehicles and other equipment, which are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Improvements which are expected to extend the useful lives of existing assets are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

	Years
Park and ride lot construction	10 to 40
Buildings and improvements	3 to 40
Vehicles and related equipment	3 to 12
Radio and telephone systems	5 to 10
Fare collection equipment	5 to 10
Maintenance equipment	3 to 10
Office equipment and furniture	3 to 10
Passenger shelters	5 to 10
Advanced operating system	3 to 6

Eligible depreciation expense includes only the depreciation of assets purchased with local funds and where the useful life of the asset purchased has been approved by the State of Michigan Department of Transportation Bureau of Passenger Transportation.

Deferred Outflows of Resources – In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as expense until that time. The Authority reports deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, as detailed in Note 15.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as revenue until that time. The Authority reports deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, as detailed in Note 15.

Grant Activities - The federal government, through the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT), provides financial assistance and grants directly to the Authority for operations and acquisition of property and equipment. Operating grants are recorded as grant receivables and revenues when the qualified expenditures are recorded. Federal and state capital acquisition grants fund the purchase of capital items, including buses and related transportation equipment used by Authority. Capital grants for the acquisition of capital assets are recorded as grants receivable in the statement of net position and capital contributions in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position when the related qualified expenditures are incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements

When assets acquired with capital grant funds are disposed, the Authority is required to notify the granting federal agency. A proportional amount of the sale proceeds or fair market value, if any, of such property may be used to acquire like-kind replacement assets or can be remitted to the granting federal agency at its discretion.

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Costs – Until December 31, 2007, the Authority offered retire healthcare benefits to employees upon retirement. At that time, existing retirees and certain eligible active employees elected to stay in the plan. The Authority offers life insurance benefits to active employees upon retirement. The Authority records a net OPEB asset (liability) for the difference between the total OPEB liability calculated by the actuary and the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. For the purpose of measuring the net OPEB asset (liability), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position of the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position is displayed in three components as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Unrestricted – This consists of the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or restricted net position.

Restricted - This consists of resources the Authority is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties related to the Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB).

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications - In 2024, to more clearly demonstrate the impact of GASB 75, the Authority reclassed from unrestricted net position to restricted net position for the OPEB asset for fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

2. STATE OF MICHIGAN OPERATING ASSISTANCE FUNDS

Under Act 51 of the Public Acts of 1951, as amended, the State of Michigan makes distributions of funds that have been appropriated for mass transit operating assistance. As indicated in Note 1, the RTA is the designated recipient of such funds and the Authority is a subrecipient of the RTA. The Authority has recorded operating grant revenue under Act 51 based on a formula that takes into account the eligible costs incurred by the Authority and preliminary information made available by the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) as to the eligible expenses reimbursement percentage for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements

The latest "final" determination of State of Michigan operating assistance allocable to the Authority in accordance with the Act 51 funding formula was for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The resulting increase in revenue has been finalized with the State and has been received by the Authority. Furthermore, the Authority awaits the "final" determination for the years ended September 30, 2021, 2022 and 2023. The Authority has not recorded any estimated aggregate receivable or liability as of September 30, 2024 based on management's anticipation of the results of the State's final determination of the Act 51 funding formula for the open years, other than the receivable or liability already recorded based on the MDOT's preliminary eligible expenses reimbursement percentage for the open year.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The following is a reconciliation of deposit and investment balances as of September 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
Statements of Position:		
Cash	\$ 58,605,934	\$ 34,771,313
Investments	 18,952,633	19,858,794
Total	\$ 77,558,567	\$ 54,630,107
Deposits and Investments:		
Bank deposits (checking, savings and certificates of deposit)	\$ 58,601,231	\$ 34,767,267
U.S. government investments	18,952,633	19,858,794
Cash on hand	 4,703	4,046
Total	\$ 77,558,567	\$ 54,630,107

Investments – In addition to the state restrictions noted above, the Authority's policy is to limit investments to the following:

- Certificates of deposit with funds initially invested through a Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) financial institution that maintains a principal office or branch office located in the State of Michigan. This financial institution, acting as custodian, may arrange the investment of funds in certificates of deposit in one or more FDIC insured depository institutions throughout the United States if the principal and any accrued interest of each certificate of deposit is insured by an agency of the United States. The total investment (exclusive of checking accounts) in any one financial institution shall not exceed the lesser of 20% of that financial institution's capital and surplus or \$4,000,000. The Authority had no certificates of deposits as of September 30, 2024 and 2023.
- Bonds and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency thereof with a maturity of three years or less.
- Governmental (Govt.) Mutual Funds operated by any of the banks listed above which invest only in authorized investments for local units of Government under State Law and which offer daily liquidity.

Notes to Financial Statements

Investment	Maturity		Fair Value	Rating
U.S. Govt. Agency	2/24/2025 -	\$	8,805,743	Moody's AAA
U.S. Treasury	1/22/2026 10/31/2024-		9,719,358	Moody's AAA
U.S. Heasury	2/20/2025		9,719,558	WOODY'S AAA
U.S. Govt. Money Market	N/A		427,532	Moody's AAA
		Total <u>\$</u>	18,952,633	

As of September 30, 2024, the Authority had the following investments.

Investment and Deposit Risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the list of investments above. The Authority's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, except as noted in the Authority's investment policy above.

At September 30, 2024, the Authority had the following investments and maturities:

	Carrying Value	0-1 Year	1	-3 Years
\$	8,805,743	\$ 8,053,195	\$	752,548
\$	9,719,358	\$ 9,719,358	\$	-

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers' acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Authority's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The ratings for each investment are identified above for investments held at September 30, 2024.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the Authority does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2024, \$12,205,777 of the Authority's bank balance of \$59,407,292 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments of collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the Authority does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. On the investments listed above, there is no custodial credit risk as these investments are uncategorized as to risk.

Notes to Financial Statements

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Authority's investment policy limits investments as described above.

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Authority's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The Authority has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2024 and 2023:

- U.S. Treasuries are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs);
- U.S. Government agency bonds and U.S Government money market funds are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

In addition, the Other Postemployment Trust (Fiduciary) Fund holds shares or interest in an investment pool (MERS Total Market Portfolio), whereby the value of the investments is measured in a recurring basis using net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent). As of September 30, 2024 and 2023, the fair value of the assets was \$997,940 and \$850,370, respectively. The Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement Systems (MERS), as a governmental plan, is exempt by state and federal law from registration with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC).

The MERS Total Market Portfolio is a fully diversified portfolio combining traditional stocks and bonds with alternative asset classes, including real estate, private equity, and commodities. The objective is to provide current income and capital appreciation while minimizing the volatility of the capital markets. MERS manages the asset allocation and monitors the underlying investment managers of the MERS Total Market Portfolio. There are no unfunded commitments or rules regarding redemption frequency or notice period.

Notes to Financial Statements

5. GRANTS RECEIVABLES

The Authority recognizes a receivable under approved grants as related project expenditures are incurred and the grant revenue earned. Grant refunds payable represent amounts to be returned to the grantor. The amount remaining on each current grant is listed on the additional information – schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards - on pages 41 and 42. The following grant amounts were outstanding at September 30:

Vector Vector<			
Operating assistance \$ 1,006,311 \$ 805,336 Capital cost of contracting 28,290 298,143 Planning 33,151 16,778 Preventive maintenance 7,895 10,000 Buses and related equipment 74,215 1,058,995 Computer hardware and software 11,613 51,844 Passenger shelters - 500 Facilities 22,581 5,010 Federal Transit Administration: Operating assistance 1,116,047 2,396,373 Capital cost of contracting 111,440 621,280 Preventive maintenance 15,580 - Vehicles 158,900 - Facilities 10,126 44,532 Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) 83,335 19,375 Planning 108,516 168,037 Computer hardware and software 33,265 33,192		2024	2023
Capital cost of contracting 28,290 298,143 Planning 33,151 16,778 Preventive maintenance 7,895 10,000 Buses and related equipment 74,215 1,058,995 Computer hardware and software 11,613 51,844 Passenger shelters - 500 Facilities 22,581 5,010 Federal Transit Administration: Operating assistance 1,116,047 2,396,373 Capital cost of contracting 111,440 621,280 Preventive maintenance 15,580 - Vehicles 158,900 - Facilities 10,126 44,532 Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) 83,335 19,375 Planning 108,516 168,037 Computer hardware and software 33,265 33,192	Michigan Department of Transportation:		
Planning 33,151 16,778 Preventive maintenance 7,895 10,000 Buses and related equipment 74,215 1,058,995 Computer hardware and software 11,613 51,844 Passenger shelters - 500 Facilities 22,581 5,010 Federal Transit Administration: Operating assistance 1,116,047 2,396,373 Capital cost of contracting 111,440 621,280 Preventive maintenance 15,580 - Vehicles 158,900 - Facilities 10,126 44,532 Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) 83,335 19,375 Planning 108,516 168,037 Computer hardware and software 33,265 33,192	Operating assistance	\$ 1,006,311	\$ 805,336
Preventive maintenance 7,895 10,000 Buses and related equipment 74,215 1,058,995 Computer hardware and software 11,613 51,844 Passenger shelters - 500 Facilities 22,581 5,010 Federal Transit Administration: Operating assistance 1,116,047 2,396,373 Capital cost of contracting 111,440 621,280 Preventive maintenance 15,580 - Vehicles 158,900 - Facilities 10,126 44,532 Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) 83,335 19,375 Planning 108,516 168,037 Computer hardware and software 33,265 33,192	Capital cost of contracting	28,290	298,143
Buses and related equipment74,2151,058,995Computer hardware and software11,61351,844Passenger shelters-500Facilities22,5815,010Federal Transit Administration:Operating assistanceOperating assistance1,116,047Capital cost of contracting111,440Preventive maintenance15,580Vehicles158,900Facilities10,12644,53210,126Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310)83,335Planning108,516Computer hardware and software33,26533,192	Planning	33,151	16,778
Computer hardware and software11,61351,844Passenger shelters-500Facilities22,5815,010Federal Transit Administration:Operating assistance1,116,0472,396,373Capital cost of contracting111,440621,280Preventive maintenance15,580-Vehicles158,900-Facilities10,12644,532Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310)83,33519,375Planning108,516168,037Computer hardware and software33,26533,192	Preventive maintenance	7,895	10,000
Passenger shelters-500Facilities22,5815,010Federal Transit Administration:Operating assistance1,116,0472,396,373Capital cost of contracting111,440621,280Preventive maintenance15,580-Vehicles158,900-Facilities10,12644,532Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310)83,33519,375Planning108,516168,037Computer hardware and software33,26533,192	Buses and related equipment	74,215	1,058,995
Facilities22,5815,010Federal Transit Administration:Operating assistance1,116,0472,396,373Capital cost of contracting111,440621,280Preventive maintenance15,580-Vehicles158,900-Facilities10,12644,532Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310)83,33519,375Planning108,516168,037Computer hardware and software33,26533,192	Computer hardware and software	11,613	51,844
Federal Transit Administration:Operating assistance1,116,047Operating assistance111,440Capital cost of contracting111,440Preventive maintenance15,580Vehicles158,900Facilities10,126Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310)83,335Planning108,516Computer hardware and software33,26533,192	Passenger shelters	-	500
Operating assistance 1,116,047 2,396,373 Capital cost of contracting 111,440 621,280 Preventive maintenance 15,580 - Vehicles 158,900 - Facilities 10,126 44,532 Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) 83,335 19,375 Planning 108,516 168,037 Computer hardware and software 33,265 33,192	Facilities	22,581	5,010
Operating assistance 1,116,047 2,396,373 Capital cost of contracting 111,440 621,280 Preventive maintenance 15,580 - Vehicles 158,900 - Facilities 10,126 44,532 Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) 83,335 19,375 Planning 108,516 168,037 Computer hardware and software 33,265 33,192			
Capital cost of contracting111,440621,280Preventive maintenance15,580-Vehicles158,900-Facilities10,12644,532Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310)83,33519,375Planning108,516168,037Computer hardware and software33,26533,192	Federal Transit Administration:		
Preventive maintenance 15,580 - Vehicles 158,900 - Facilities 10,126 44,532 Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) 83,335 19,375 Planning 108,516 168,037 Computer hardware and software 33,265 33,192	Operating assistance	1,116,047	2,396,373
Vehicles 158,900 - Facilities 10,126 44,532 Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) 83,335 19,375 Planning 108,516 168,037 Computer hardware and software 33,265 33,192	Capital cost of contracting	111,440	621,280
Facilities 10,126 44,532 Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) 83,335 19,375 Planning 108,516 168,037 Computer hardware and software 33,265 33,192	Preventive maintenance	15,580	-
Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) 83,335 19,375 Planning 108,516 168,037 Computer hardware and software 33,265 33,192	Vehicles	158,900	-
Planning 108,516 168,037 Computer hardware and software 33,265 33,192	Facilities	10,126	44,532
Computer hardware and software33,26533,192	Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310)	83,335	19,375
	Planning	108,516	168,037
Grants Receivable \$ 2,821,265 \$ 5,529,395	Computer hardware and software	 33,265	33,192
	Grants Receivable	\$ 2,821,265	\$ 5,529,395

6. OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivables consist of the following amounts at September 30:

	2024	2023
City of Ann Arbor - property tax levy	\$ 930,325	\$ 828,132
City of Ypsilanti - property tax levy	1,080,700	491,960
Charter Township of Ypsilanti - property tax levy	321,211	131,878
	2,332,236	1,451,970
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	 (392,904)	(210,873)
Total	\$ 1,939,332	\$ 1,241,097

Notes to Financial Statements

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Balance September 30, 2023	Additions/ Reclassifica- tions	Deletions/ Reclassifica- tions	Balance September 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	\$ 2,270,821	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,270,821
Construction in progress	356,753	970,947	35,239	1,292,461
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	2,627,574	970,947	35,239	3,563,282
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Park and ride lot construction	5,759,849	15,156	-	5,775,005
Buildings	30,488,353	137,462	-	30,625,815
Vehicles and related equipment	64,330,358	331,057	3,375,236	61,286,179
Radio and telephone equipment	290,848	-	-	290,848
Fare collection equipment	1,041,909	-	-	1,041,909
Maintenance equipment	860,936	45,876	-	906,812
Office equipment and furniture	5,255,439	199,953	-	5,455,392
Passenger shelters	1,719,763	32,448	-	1,752,211
Other	783,812	-		783,812
Advanced operating system	3,323,160	-		3,323,160
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	113,854,427	761,952	3,375,236	111,241,143
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Park and ride lot construction	2,866,327	109,924	-	2,976,251
Buildings	20,007,537	711,086	-	20,718,623
Vehicles and related equipment	42,313,367	4,133,616	3,375,236	43,071,747
Radio and telephone equipment	270,414	12,252	-	282,666
Fare collection equipment	1,023,101	5,588	-	1,028,689
Maintenance equipment	674,672	44,338	-	719,010
Office equipment and furniture	2,741,260	716,614	-	3,457,874
Passenger shelters	1,508,264	55,407	-	1,563,671
Other	714,132	45,088	-	759,220
Advanced operating system	3,237,552	57,487	-	3,295,039
Total accumulated depreciation	75,356,626	5,891,400	3,375,236	77,872,790
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	38,497,801	(5,129,448)	-	33,368,353
Total capital assets, net	\$ 41,125,375	\$ (4,158,501)	\$ 35,239	\$ 36,931,635

Notes to Financial Statements

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 is as follows:

	September 30, 2022	Additions/ Reclassifica- tions	Deletions/ Reclassifica- tions	September 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	\$ 2,270,821	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,270,821
Construction in progress	189,206	262,782	95,235	356,753
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	2,460,027	262,782	95,235	2,627,574
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Park and ride lot construction	5,759,849	-	-	5,759,849
Buildings	30,410,185	78,168	-	30,488,353
Vehicles and related equipment	59,762,069	5,661,721	1,093,432	64,330,358
Radio and telephone equipment	290,848	-	-	290,848
Fare collection equipment	1,041,909	-	-	1,041,909
Maintenance equipment	860,936	-	-	860,936
Office equipment and furniture	4,894,382	458,639	97,582	5,255,439
Passenger shelters	1,719,763	-	-	1,719,763
Other	783,812	-		783,812
Advanced operating system	3,323,160	-	-	3,323,160
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	108,846,913	6,198,528	1,191,014	113,854,427
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Park and ride lot construction	2,741,693	124,634	-	2,866,327
Buildings	19,268,498	739,039	-	20,007,537
Vehicles and related equipment	38,748,272	4,658,527	1,093,432	42,313,367
Radio and telephone equipment	250,216	20,198	-	270,414
Fare collection equipment	1,017,513	5,588	-	1,023,101
Maintenance equipment	632,526	42,146	-	674,672
Office equipment and furniture	2,103,955	734,887	97,582	2,741,260
Passenger shelters	1,440,143	68,121	-	1,508,264
Other	649,806	64,326	-	714,132
Advanced operating system	3,134,985	102,567	-	3,237,552
Total accumulated depreciation	69,987,607	6,560,033	1,191,014	75,356,626
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	38,859,306	(361,505)		38,497,801
Total capital assets, net	\$ 41,319,333	\$ (98,723)	\$ 95,235	\$ 41,125,375

Notes to Financial Statements

UNEARNED REVENUE

8.

Unearned revenue represents amounts not earned, and consists of the following amounts at September 30:

	2024	2023
Federal capital State capital Ypsilanti DDA - Ypsilanti Transit Center Renovations Corporate Partnerships	\$ 95,294 22,573 - -	\$ 68,451 15,863 20,000 3,375
Total	\$ 117,867	\$ 107,689

9. EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN

The Authority provides pension benefits for substantially all of its full-time employees through a defined contribution plan called the Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority Employees' Pension Plan ("Plan"). In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Non-bargaining unit employees are eligible to participate the first of the month following the date of hire as of January 1, 2021. Bargaining unit employees are eligible to participate after one year of employment. The Authority's contributions for each employee and investment earnings allocated to the employee's account are fully vested after five years of employment. Authority contributions for, and investment earnings forfeited by, employees who leave employment before five years of service are used to reduce the Authority's current year contribution requirement. Employees contribute 5% of their gross earnings to the plan. Employee contributions amounted to \$974,973 and \$898,944 for the years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. The Authority's contributions amounted to \$1,755,420 and \$1,625,400 for the years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Total payroll and covered payroll was \$22,336,882 and \$19,504,666 for 2024 and \$21,242,580 and \$18,060,000 for 2023.

The Authority's Board of Directors administers the Plan and also establishes contribution requirements and approves any plan amendments.

10. PROPERTY TAXES

In 1974, voters in the City of Ann Arbor approved a 2.5 mills property tax dedicated to public transportation. Through the Headlee Amendment (1978) to the State of Michigan Constitution, the property tax millage has been reduced and is currently 1.9299 mills. In 2010, voters in the City of Ypsilanti approved a 0.9789 mill property tax dedicated to public transportation and is currently 0.8768 mills (Headlee).

In August 2022, voters in the three member communities (cities of Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti and the Charter Township of Ypsilanti) approved a 2.38 mill property tax dedicated to public transportation (reduced to 2.3740 due to the Headlee Amendment).

Notes to Financial Statements

Property tax revenues received by the Authority for the years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 totaled \$38,453,212 and \$20,621,601, respectively.

In November 2015, voters in Scio Township approved a 0.3468 mill property tax dedicated to public transportation, where Scio Township will levy the property tax and purchase public transportation services from the Authority under a Purchase of Service Agreement (POSA).

11. PROPERTY TAX ABATEMENTS

The Authority receives reduced property tax revenue because of Industrial Facilities Tax Exemptions and Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements granted by the cities of Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti and the Charter Township of Ypsilanti. Industrial facilities exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities or to rehabilitate historical facilities. Brownfield redevelopment agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties. Properties qualifying for these tax exemptions, as approved by the applicable governing bodies, are taxed at 50% of the millage rate applicable to the specified property. The amounts of such abatements related to the Cities of Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti, and the Charter Township of Ypsilanti are less than \$500,000 and are not significant to the current property tax revenues of the Authority. The Authority is ineligible to give a tax abatement directly.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to vehicle liability, property loss, torts, errors and omissions, underground storage tanks and employee injuries (workers' compensation). The Authority has purchased commercial insurance for cybersecurity, personal injury, vehicle liability, property loss, general commercial liability, public officials, employee practices liability, premises pollution liability and workers' compensation insurance. In the opinion of management, the outcome of this litigation and other matters will not significantly affect the Authority's financial position or results of its operations.

13. SUBCONTRACT SERVICE

The Authority subcontracts with other transportation companies to provide certain services. The Authority pays the companies fees based on the level of service provided, and the companies collect and retain the passenger fares as an advance against the monthly billings. Operating revenues and operating expenses include approximately \$178,906 and \$186,625 of fares for these services in the years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. These amounts are disclosed as noncash transactions on the Statements of Cash Flows.

14. COST ALLOCATION PLANS

The Bus Transit Division of the Michigan Department of Transportation has approved the Authority's cost allocation plans for all material allocated expenses. The Nonurban Service Cost Allocation Plan and the Specialized Service Cost Allocation Plan have been used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

15. POSTEMPLOYMENT RETIREMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Plan Description. The Authority provides other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. These OPEB benefits for bargaining employees are specified by union contract while the Chief Executive Officer establishes those for non-bargaining employees. These OPEB benefits are provided by the Authority directly to the retiree and beneficiary monthly. The Authority also maintains a retiree health funding vehicle (RHFV) account with MERS of Michigan. Effective January 1, 2008, the medical benefits portion of this plan was significantly modified. This Plan was closed and active bargaining and non-bargaining employees who were eligible to retire based upon attaining age 62 with at least 15 years of service were eligible to elect to stay in this plan when they retire. Also, active employees who had over 30 years of service, regardless of their age, were also eligible to elect to stay covered by this plan when they retire. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits Provided. The Authority provides contributory and noncontributory defined benefit postemployment health care insurance, prescription, and life insurance benefits to eligible employees and beneficiaries. For health insurance and prescription coverage, eligible employees include those, as of January 1, 2008, who elected to stay in the plan instead of electing to participate in the Health Care Savings Plan (HCSP). Eligible retirees have the option to select an alternate medical insurance carrier and be reimbursed for such coverage at a rate of up to 130% of that year's Care Choice HMO single-person premium. For retirees who retired between July 1, 2002 and December 31, 2007, their spouses are eligible to receive 50% of the monthly premium for the core HMO single person premium toward medical coverage.

For life insurance benefits, eligible bargaining and non-bargaining employees who retire at or after age 59-1/2 with at least 15 years of service are eligible for life insurance coverage in the amount of \$30,000 until age 65, \$20,000 from age 65 to 69, and \$10,000 age 70 and over.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. The health care insurance and prescription coverage plan is closed to new employees. Substantially all Authority employees are eligible for retiree life insurance except those that were hired less than 90 days prior to September 30th of the valuation and measurement year. At the OPEB liability valuation date of September 30, 2024, the following employees were covered by the plan:

	Health	Life
Current retirees and spouses	7	59
Current Active members	0	310
Total plan members	7	369

Contributions. The Authority contributes 100 percent of the actual monthly costs for current benefits and administrative expenses to the plan (pay-as-you-go funding). For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the Authority paid postemployment health care benefit premiums and life insurance premiums of \$31,450.

Net OPEB Liability (Asset). The net OPEB asset was measured as of September 30, 2024. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2024. See 'Assumption Changes' below.

Notes to Financial Statements

Changes in the net OPEB liability (asset) during the measurement year were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)						
		tal OPEB iability		Plan Net Position		let OPEB (Asset)	
Changes in Net OPEB (Asset) Liability:							
Balance at October 1, 2023	\$	794,048	\$	850,370	\$	(56,322)	
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost		8,508		-		8,508	
Interest		51,144		-		51,144	
Contributions - Employer		-		31,450		(31,450)	
Difference between expected and actual							
experience		(39,765)		-		(39 <i>,</i> 765)	
Changes in assumptions		(483)		-		(483)	
Net investment earnings		-		149,512		(149,512)	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(31,450)		(31,450)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(1,942)		1,942	
Net Changes		(12,046)		147,570		(159,616)	
Balance at September 30, 2024	<u>\$ 782,002 \$ 997,940 \$(215,938</u>					\$(215,938)	

The plan's fiduciary net position represents 127% of the total OPEB liability.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. For the year ended September 30, 2024, the Authority recognized an OPEB income of \$117,182.

	Out	ferred flows of ources	Ir	Deferred Inflows of esources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	14,419	\$	237,389
Changes in assumption		61,292		312,651
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		-		37,293
Total	\$	75,711	\$	587,333

Notes to Financial Statements

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30:	
2025	\$ (122,960)
2026	(115,218)
2027	(150,334)
2028	(98,548)
2029	(16,972)
2030 and years after	 (7,590)
Total	\$ (511,622)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2024 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial valuation date	September 30, 2024
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age Normal
	as a Level % of Payroll
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Discount rate - measurement period ending	6.50%
September 30, 2024	
Annual wage increases	3.00%
Price inflation	2.50%
Investment rate of return	6.50%
Health care cost trend rate	5.5% for 2024, declining .25% from 2025 to 2028,
	then 4.5% thereafter
Mortality	Pub-2010 General Mortality Table with rates
	multiplied by 106% and using Scale MP-2021
	Based on an experience study conducted from
	2014-2018

Discount Rate. The discount rate is the single rate that reflects 1) the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits, to the extent that the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments and OPEB plan assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve that return, and 2) a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another scale), to the extent that the conditions for use of the long-term expected rate of return are not met.

Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR):	
Long-term expected rate of return	6.50%
Municipal bond index rate*	4.06%
Administrative Expenses Paid from the Trust	0.21%
Fiscal year in which fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted	N/A
Single Equivalent interest rate	6.50%
*(S&P Municipal Bond 20-year high grade rate index)	

Notes to Financial Statements

Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Investment Rate of Return. The investment policy of the Authority is determined based on goals and objectives of the Plan and the Authority's risk tolerance. As new information regarding the economic environment becomes available the investment policy may need to be revised. Asset allocations fluctuate due to market performance, however, the targeted OPEB asset allocation is as described below. The Authority's objective in selecting the expected long-term rate of return on investments is to estimate the single rate of return that reflects the historical returns, future expectations for each asset class, and the mix of the plan assets. The Authority is 100% invested in the Total Market Portfolio administered by the Municipal Employee Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan, as shown below.

	Target Allocation	Inflation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	60%	2.50%	4.00%
Global Fixed Income	20%	2.50%	1.78%
Private Investments	20%	2.50%	6.22%

The portfolio allocation and assumptions stated above was at the time of plan measurement date (September 30, 2024).

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net OPEB asset of the Authority, calculated using the discount rate of 6.5%, as well as what the Authority's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% D	Decrease	Curr	ent 6.5%	1%	Increase
\$	(120,978)	\$	(215,938)	\$	(294,949)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend. The following presents the net OPEB asset of the Authority, calculated using the health care cost trend rate of 5.5%, as well as what the Authority's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

1%	Decrease Current 5.			6 1% Increas		
\$	(238,155)	\$	(215,938)	\$	(190,855)	

Notes to Financial Statements

The annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments are calculated at the internal rate of return on OPEB plan investments, net of OPEB plan investment expense. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of OPEB investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. The money-weighted rate of return on investments was 17.6% through September 30, 2024.

Assumption Changes. Changes in assumptions for the OPEB Plan as of September 30, 2024 (measurement date) from the valuation date of September 30, 2024, are as below:

- Municipal bond index rate decreased from 4.87% to 4.06%.
- Mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to MP-2021.

16. HEALTH CARE SAVINGS PLAN

Effective January 1, 2008, the Authority established a defined contribution Health Care Savings Plan (HCSP) under Internal Revenue Code. The HCSP is a public employer-sponsored program administered by the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan (MERS) that allows employees to save pretax money to pay postemployment medical expenses and/or health insurance premiums. Virtually all full-time active employees participate and vested funds that accumulate in the plan shall become accessible to the employee upon employee's separation from employment, due to retirement, resignation, termination or any other reason. Employees are vested in employer contributions after five years of service.

For each employee who was actively employed as of January 1, 2008, the Authority made a one-time lump-sum contribution on a graduated scale between \$100 and \$150 per month into each employee's HCSP account based upon their accumulated months of service. The total of this one-time contribution was approximately \$3,442,000. Of this total, approximately \$1,714,000 was funded from the accrued postretirement benefit obligation as of September 30, 2007 and the remaining amount of approximately \$1,728,000 was expensed as a fringe benefit in the year ended September 30, 2008.

Effective April 1, 2022, the Authority made pretax contributions of \$175 each month into each eligible employee's HCSP account. From January 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022, the Authority made pretax contributions of \$155 each month into each eligible employee's HCSP account. The employees shall make a mandatory monthly pretax contribution of \$10 per pay period. Employees may make voluntary pre-tax contributions to the HCSP to the extent allowable by the HCSP or by law. Employer contributions for the year ended September 30, 2024 amounted to \$599,550, of which \$397,075 was covered by forfeitures and the remaining \$202,475 was paid directly by the Authority. Employer contributions was \$574,525 for the year ended September 30, 2023.

17. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

In June 2022, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This Statements prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for 1) each type of accounting change and 2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior period, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The provisions of this statement were effective for the Authority's financial statements for the year ending September 30, 2024 and had no impact on the financial statements as a whole.

Notes to Financial Statements

18. UPCOMING ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING CHANGES

In June 2022, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This Statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for 1) leave that has not been used and 2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also established guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. The Authority is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted for the year ending September 30, 2025.

In December 2023, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, which requires governments to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the government vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. It also requires governments to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date of the financial statements are issued. If certain criteria are met for a concentration or constraint, disclosures are required in the notes to the financial statements. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Authority's financial statements for the year ending September 30, 2025.

In April 2024, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements, or modifies existing requirements, related to the following: management's discussion and analysis; unusual or infrequent items; presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position; information about major component units in basic financial statements; budgetary comparison information; and financial trends information in the statistical section. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Authority's financial statements for the year ending September 30, 2026.

In September 2024, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets, which requires certain types of assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures required by Statement 34. Lease assets recognized in accordance with Statement no. 87, Leases, and intangible right-to-use assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, should be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital assets note disclosures. Subscription assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, also should be separately disclosed. The provisions of this statements are effective for the Authority's financial statements for the year ending September 30, 2026.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Authority has performed a review of events subsequent to the statements of net position date through February 5, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GASB STATEMENT NO. 75 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

				I	For F	iscal Year Enc	ling			
	 9/30/2024	9/30/2023	g	9/30/2022	9	9/30/2021	1	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$ 8,508	\$ 8,260	\$	7,699	\$	14,567	\$	19,247	\$ 18,778	\$ 4,640
Interest	51,144	50,334		61,403		51,532		68,575	68,282	27,287
Benefit payments, including refunds	(31,450)	(31,526)		(64,403)		(90,136)		(61,831)	(98,450)	(117,666)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(39,765)	(99,448)		(113,364)		31,587		(152,039)	0	0
Changes in assumptions	 (483)	84,554		(78,633)		(303,122)		(303,061)	0	0
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(12,046)	12,174		(187,298)		(295,572)		(429,109)	(11,390)	(85,739)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of year	 794,048	781,874		969,172		1,264,744		1,693,853	1,705,243	1,790,982
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 782,002	\$ 794,048	\$	781,874	\$	969,172	\$	1,264,744	\$ 1,693,853	\$ 1,705,243
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Net investment income	\$ 149,512	\$ 90,047	\$	(118,319)	\$	72,716	\$	37,321	\$ 6,555	\$ 2,757
Employer contributions	31,450	31,526		64,403		90,136		61,831	758,450	117,666
Benefit payments	(31,450)	(31,526)		(64,403)		(90,136)		(61,831)	(98,450)	(117,666)
Administrative expenses	 (1,942)	(1,604)		(1,540)		(1,545)		(1,424)	(231)	(258)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	147,570	88,443		(119,859)		71,171		35,897	666,324	2,499
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year	 850,370	761,927		881,786		810,615		774,718	108,394	105,895
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of year	\$ 997,940	\$ 850,370	\$	761,927	\$	881,786	\$	810,615	\$ 774,718	\$ 108,394
Net OPEB (Asset) Liability - End of Year	\$ (215,938)	\$ (56,322)	\$	19,947	\$	87,386	\$	454,129	\$ 919,135	\$ 1,596,849
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	127.61%	107.09%		97.45%		90.98%		64.09%	45.74%	6.36%
Covered Employee	\$ 22,336,882	\$ 21,242,580	\$	16,075,956	\$	16,579,071	\$	15,718,897	\$ 16,826,037	\$ 16,567,739
Net OPEB (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	-0.97%	-0.27%		0.12%		0.53%		2.89%	5.46%	9.64%

Schedule is built prospectively upon implementation of GASB 75.

The required supplementary information is intended to show information for 10 years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

See notes to required supplementary information.

GASB STATEMENT NO. 75 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Actuarially		Contribution		Contributions as a Percentage of
Fiscal Year	Determined	Historical	Excess	Covered	Covered
Ending	Contribution	Contribution	(Deficiency)	Employee	Employee
9/30/2015 \$	76,321	\$ 86,459	\$ 10,138	\$ 67,196	128.67%
9/30/2016	98,233	67,975	(30,258)	107,142	63.44%
9/30/2017	85,212	84,949	(263)	43,556	195.03%
9/30/2018	85,204	117,666	32,462	16,567,739	0.71%
9/30/2019	127,617	758,450	630,833	16,826,037	4.51%
9/30/2020	130,808	61,831	(68,977)	15,718,897	0.39%
9/30/2021	49,040	90,136	41,096	16,579,071	0.54%
9/30/2022	50,512	64,403	13,891	16,075,956	0.40%
9/30/2023	10,778	31,526	20,748	21,242,580	0.15%
9/30/2024	11,102	31,450	20,348	22,336,882	0.14%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Actuarial valuation information relative to the determination of contributions:

Valuation Date September 30, 2024

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization period	Level percent of payroll
Asset valuation method	Market
Inflation	2.5 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.50 percent for 2024, declining by .25 percent from 2025 to 2028, then 4.5 percent thereafte
Salary increase	3.0 percent
Investment rate of return	6.5 percent
Discount rate	6.5 percent
Retirement age	59.5 years of age
Retirement age	Sets years of age

Mortality

Pub-2010 General Mortality Tables with rates multiplied by 106 percent and using Scale MP-2021

See notes to required supplemental information.

GASB STATEMENT NO. 75 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB INVESTMENT RETURNS - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	For Fiscal Year Ending						
	9/30/2024	9/30/2023	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return- Net of investment expense	17.60%	11.83%	-13.43%	8.98%	4.82%	4.30%	2.61%

Schedule is built prospectively upon implementation of GASB 75.

The required supplemental information is intended to show information for 10 years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

See notes to required supplemental information.

GASB STATEMENT NO. 75 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

A. CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS SINCE PRIOR VALUATION

No changes to the plan provisions since the prior valuation date of September 30, 2024

B. CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS

FY 2024

- Municipal bond index rate decreased from 4.87% to 4.06%.
- Mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to MP-2021.

FY 2023

- Municipal bond index rate increased from 4.77% to 4.87%.
- Mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2021 to MP-2019.

FY 2022

- Municipal bond index rate increased from 2.43% to 4.77%.
- Mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to MP-2021.
- Immediate medical trend rate decreased from 5.75% to 5.5%
- Per capita costs were updated ro reflect experience since the previous valuation.

FY 2021

- The discount rate was increased from 4.20% to 6.50%.
- Mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to MP-2020.
- Immediate medical trend rate decreased from 6.25% to 5.75%
- Long-term expected investment rate of return was increased from 4.20% to 6.50%.

FY 2020

- The discount rate was increased from 4.10% to 4.20%.
- Annual wage increase rate was increased from 2.50% to 3.00%.
- Updated healthcare cost trend rates to match the 2020 Uniform Assumption released by the Michigan Department of Treasury.
- Mortality, withdrawal, and retirement rates were updated to match the current MERS of Michigan assumptions developed in the experience anlaysis published in February 2020.
- Long-term expected investment rate of return was decreased from 4.30% to 4.20%.
- Per capita costs were updated ro reflect experience since the previous valuation.

FY 2019

- No change in assumptions.



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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES

	Years Ended September 30,		
	2024	2023	
LOCAL OPERATING REVENUES:			
Passenger fares:			
Urban fixed route	\$ 1,922,810	\$ 1,676,750	
Urban demand response	263,255	276,532	
Nonurban demand response	143,419	143,419	
Special fares:			
City of Ann Arbor - DDA (go!pass)	346,386	350,546	
City of Ann Arbor - DDA (NightRide)	1,298	1,902	
Ann Arbor Public Schools	62,796	56,784	
Eastern Michigan University	30,600	16,110	
University of Michigan (Mride)	1,052,109	1,793,563	
Total Local Operating Revenues	\$ 3,822,673	\$ 4,315,606	
LOCAL NONOPERATING REVENUES:			
Purchase of service agreements:			
Pittsfield Township	\$ 740,316	\$ 686,734	
Scio Township	497,071	468,875	
Superior Township	105,835	100,038	
D2A2	143,058	140,119	
Total purchase of service agreements	1,486,280	1,395,766	
City of Ann Arbor - property tax levy	32,818,086	18,859,391	
City of Ypsilanti - property tax levy	1,385,902	620,347	
Ypsilanti Township - property tax levy	4,249,224	1,141,863	
City of Ann Arbor - Downtown Development Authority (GetDowntown)	71,778	53,939	
Non-urban - Other governmental and local sources	1,493,740	809,361	
Interest Income	2,605,810	1,154,689	
Advertising income	315,844	129,140	
Other revenue	189,642	32,761	
Mobility management pass-through	120,000	52,701	
Post-Retirement actuary adjustment	117,182	90,330	
Gain on sale of equipment	11,600	-	
Total local nonoperating revenues	44,865,088	24,287,587	
Total local operating and nonoperating revenues	48,687,761	28,603,193	
STATE OF MICHIGAN NONOPERATING REVENUES:		20,003,133	
Formula operating assistance - urban (Act 51)	17,783,065	14,323,324	
Formula operating assistance - nonurban (Act 51)	1,630,417	1,137,362	
Prior years formula adjustments - urban and nonurban	703,995	2,127,794	
Capital cost of contracting/Planning	-	152,000	
Planning	-	99,284	
Preventive maintenance	-	10,000	
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors & Individuals with			
Disabilities (Section 5310 - State Match)	-	29,501	
Specialized services	225,297	110,580	
Total state nonoperating revenues	20,342,774	17,989,845	
FEDERAL NONOPERATING REVENUES:			
Unified planning program passed through SEMCOG (Section 5303/PL112)	132,306	97,935	
Capital cost of contracting (Section 5307)		608,000	
Preventive maintenance (Sedction 5307)	-	40,000	
RTA D2A2 program	2,192,216	2,291,503	
Federal operating assistance - nonurban (Section 5311) - passed through	2,192,210	2,231,303	
the State	429,694	890,737	
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors & Individuals with Disabilities (Section 5310)	128,630	144,352	
ARP/CARES ACT	6,799,897	15,041,000	
Total federal nonoperating revenues	9,682,743	19,113,527	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	\$ 74,890,605		
	\$ 74,890,605	\$ 61,390,959	

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2023

	2024	2023	
LABOR: Operators' salaries and wages Other salaries and wages	\$ 11,451,551 8,236,180	\$ 9,491,285 8,520,301	
FRINGE BENEFITS Fringe wages Social security payroll taxes Medical insurance Pension Health care savings plan Other fringe benefits	3,460,238 1,665,658 3,833,600 1,752,781 155,603 1,087,895	3,282,235 1,542,495 3,626,838 1,527,631 442,090 996,975	
SERVICES: Advertising fees/promotion media Other services Auditing fees	359,723 4,028,308 64,658	113,624 4,247,071 82,900	
MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES CONSUMED: Fuel and lubricants Tires and tubes Materials and supplies UTILITIES	2,675,565 156,687 2,775,972 856,223	2,835,476 201,111 2,740,012 770,427	
CASUALTY AND LIABILITY COSTS: Premiums for public liability and property damage insurance Other casualty and liability costs	1,294,421 695,712	1,214,926 527,456	
PURCHASED TRANSPORTATION	13,904,905	12,520,026	
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES: Association dues & subscriptions Travel and meetings Other	62,482 146,607 509,713	98,970 96,277 274,742	
LEASES AND RENTALS	134,286	108,173	
DEPRECIATION	 5,891,400	 6,560,033	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 65,200,168	\$ 61,821,074	

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS (Continued) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Federal and State Grantor/Pass-Through	Federal CFDA	Grant or Grant or	Program or Award	0	Current Year's Expenditures			Prior Years'	Amount	
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Amount	Total	Federal	State	Local	Expenditures	Remaining	
Michigan Department of Transportation (State):										
Direct assistance - Capital grants:										
Capital (FY 2019)	N/A	2017-0008/P13	\$1,527,141	\$80,430	\$0	\$80,430	\$0	\$1,154,813	\$291,898	
Capital (Section 5310 Match) (FY 2019)	N/A	2017-0008/P14	46,000	7,596	0	7,596	0	24,000	14,404	
Capital (Section 5307-STP) (FY 2019)	N/A	2017-0008/P15	15,046	0	0	0	0	0	15,046	
Capital (FY 2020)	N/A	2017-0008/P17	1,735,040	128,005	0	128,005	0	1,147,083	459,952	
Capital (Section 5310 Match) (FY 2020)	N/A	2017-0008/P18	43,345	0	0	0	0	10,145	33,200	
Capital (Section 5310 Match) (FY 2021)	N/A	2017-0008/P24	37,000	14,894	0	14,894	0	17,950	4,156	
Capital (Section 5310 Match) (FY 2021)	N/A	2012-0033/P25	12,000	12,000	0	12,000	0	0	0	
Capital (Section 5310 Match) (FY 2022)	N/A	2022-0006/P4	157,909	45,344	0	45,344	0	0	112,565	
Capital (FY 19 and 20 State Service Initiatives)	N/A	2017-0008/P12	1,020,000	27,775	0	27,775	0	99,284	892,941	
Capital (Section 5307)(FY 2022) (80/20)	N/A	2021-2022/P3	3,606,834	39,058	0	39,058	0	954,662	2,613,114	
Subtotal - Direct State Capital			\$8,200,315	\$355,102	\$0	\$355,102	\$0	\$3,407,937	\$4,437,276	
Direct assistance - Operating grants:										
Operating assistance - Act 51 Urban	N/A	N/A	\$17,783,065	\$17,783,065	\$0	\$17,783,065	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Operating assistance - Act 51 Nonurban	N/A	N/A	1,630,417	1,630,417	0	1,630,417	0	0	0	
Prior year formula adjustments	N/A	N/A	703,995	703,995	0	703,995	0	0	0	
Specialized Services (FY 2024)	N/A	2022-0006/P6	225,297	225,297	0	225,297	0	0	0	
Subtotal - Direct State Operating			\$20,342,774	\$20,342,774	\$0	\$20,342,774	\$0	\$0	\$0	
TOTAL DIRECT STATE EXPENDITURES			\$28,543,089	\$20,697,876	\$0	\$20,697,876	\$0	\$3,407,937	\$4,437,276	
STATE FUNDS PASSED BY AAATA TO SUBRECIPIENTS:										
Specialized Services (FY 2020 & 2021)	N/A	2022-0006/P1	153,701	153,701	0	153,701	0	0	0	
Total - State Pass-through Specialized Services			\$153,701	\$153,701	\$0	\$153,701	\$0	\$0	\$0	

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Federal and State Grantor/Pass-Through	Federal	Grant or	Purchase	Program					Prior Years'	Federal
Grantor/Program Title	CFDA	Authorization	Order	or Award		Current Year's Exp	enditures		Federal	Amount
	Number	Number	Number	Amount	Total	Federal	State	Local	Expenditures	Remaining
U. S. Department of Transportation (Federal):									•••••	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Direct Assistance - Capital Grants:										
Capital (Section 5307) (FY 2019) (80/20)	20.507	MI-2019-X34-00	MI90-X822	\$3,608,298	\$321,721	\$321,721	\$0	\$0	\$2,096,641	\$1,189,936
Capital (Section 5307-STP) (FY 2019) (80/20)	20.507	MI-2019-X35-00	MI95-4001	60,184	0	0	0	0	0	60,184
Capital (Section 5307) (FY 2020) (80/20)	20.507	MI-2020-X38-00	MI90-X840	4,689,148	421,295	421,295	0	0	3,171,674	1,096,179
Capital (Section 5307-CMAQ) (FY 2020) (80/20)	20.507	MI-2020-X38-00	MI95-0018	1,137,205	0	0	0	0	1,137,205	0
Capital (Section 5339) (FY 2020) (80/20)	20.526	MI-2020-X38-00	MI34-0086	1,113,809	88,815	88,815	0	0	281,372	743,622
Capital (Section 5310) (FY 2016 & 2017) (80/20)	20.513	MI-2016-X40-01	MI16-X019	393,606	78,000	78,000	0	0	239,787	75,819
Capital (Section 5310) (FY 2019) (80/20)	20.513	MI-2019-X39-00	MI16-0039	132,000	30,385	30,385	0	0	72,000	29,615
Capital (Section 5310) (FY 2020) (80/20)	20.513	MI-2020-X66-00	MI16-X033	132,800	0	0	0	0	0	132,800
Capital (Section 5310) (FY 2021) (80/20)	20.513	MI-2021-X52-00	MI16-X038	148,000	59,576	59,576	0	0	71,798	16,626
Capital (Section 5310) (FY 2022) (80/20)	20.513	MI-2022-X59-00	MI16-X045	631,639	181,384	181,384	0	0	0	450,255
COVID-19 CRRSAA (Section 5339)(FY 2022) (80/20)	20.526	MI-2022-050-00	MI22-X050	1,865,339	0	0	0	0	0	1,865,339
COVID-19 CRRSAA (Section 5307)(FY 2022) (80/20)	20.507	MI-2022-050-00	MI22-X050	15,561,997	158,137	158,137	0	0	3,832,197	11,571,663
Subtotal - Federal Capital				\$29,474,025	\$1,339,313	\$1,339,313	\$0	\$0	\$10,902,674	\$17,232,038
					1 1 1	1 ,				
Direct Assistance - Operating Grants:										
Capital Cost of Contracting (Section 5307) (FY 2020) (80/20)	20.507	MI-2020-X38-00	MI90-X840	608,000	0	0	0	0	608,000	0
Preventive Maintenance (Section 5307) (FY 2020) (80/20)	20.507	MI-2020-X38-00	MI90-X840	40.000	0	0	0	0	40,000	0
Operating Assistance (Section 5307) (FY 2020) (50/50)	20.507	MI-2020-X38-00	MI90-X840	4,406,790	0	0	0	0	520,000	3,886,790
Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) (FY 2019) (80/20)	20.513	MI-2019-X39-00	MI16-0039	100,000	0	0	0	0	72,000	28,000
Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) (FY 2016 & 2017) (80/20 or 50/50)	20.513	MI-2016-X40-01	MI16-X019	180,447	0	0	0	0	79,382	101,065
Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) (FY 2020) (80/20)	20.513	MI-2020-X66-00	MI16-X033	128,800	0	0	0	0	98,074	30,726
Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) (FY 2021) (80/20)	20.513	MI-2021-X52-00	MI16-X038	106,050	39,670	39,670	0	0	26,350	40,030
Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) (FY 2022) (80/20)	20.513	MI-2022-X55-00	MI16-4008	39,730	26,090	26,090	0	0	20,000	13,640
Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310) (FY 2022) (80/20)	20.513	MI-2022-X59-01	MI16-X045	328,323	37,870	37,870	0	0	0	290,453
COVID-19 CRRSAA Operating Assistance (5310)(FY 2021) (100/0)	20.513	MI-2022-X56-00	MI16-4009	39,730	25,000	25,000	0	0	0	14,730
COVID-19 CRRSAA Operating Assistance (5307) (FY 2022) (100/0)	20.507	MI-2022-009-01	MI22-X009	15,771,805	6,799,897	6,799,897	0	0	8,971,908	0
	20.307	WI 2022 005 01	WIZZ X005	15,771,005	0,155,051	0,155,051	0	0	0,571,500	0
Passed Through Regional Transit Authority of Southeast Michigan:										
RTA CMAQ D2A2 Service 2024 - Highway Planning and Construction	20.507	M2024-01	M2024-01	2,000,000	2,192,216	2,192,216	0	0	0	-192,216
Kin ching bene service 2024 - Highway Hahming and construction	20.507	MEDE F OT	MEGET OT	2,000,000	2,152,210	2,152,210	0	Ū	0	152,210
Passed Through Michigan Department of Transportation:										
Nonurban Operating Assistance (Section 5311-CRRSAA) (FY 2024)	20.509			429,694	429,694	429,694	0	0	0	0
	20.505			425,054	425,054	425,054	0	Ū	0	0
Passed Through Southeast Michigan Council of Governments:										
Unified Planning (Section 5303) (81.85/18.15)	20.205	23001	23001	81,723	99,845	81,723	0	18,122	0	0
Unified Planning (Section 5303) (81.85/18.15)	20.205	24005	24005	50,583	61,800	50,583	0	11,217	0	0
Subtotal - Federal Operating	20.205	24005	24005	\$24,311,675	\$9,712,082	\$9,682,743	\$0	\$29,339	\$10,415,714	\$4,213,218
Sabtotal Tederal Operating				Ψ <u></u> -Ψ,311,073	4J,112,002	ψJ,UUL,I 1 3	ΨU	£2,233	ψ10,413,714	Ψ ⁻ , 213, 210
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES				\$53,785,700	\$11,051,395	\$11,022,056	\$0	\$29,339	\$21,318,388	\$21,445,256
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES				\$53,785,700	\$11,051,395	\$11,022,056	\$0	\$29,339	\$21,318,388	\$21,445,256
				433,733,700	,00 .,000	2	40	423,333	<i>q</i> 21/310/300	\$21,13,230

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CONTRACT EXPENSES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024, WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2023

	Specialized Services		•		М	Mobility anagement ss-Through		Nonurban Operations		Urban O	peratic	ns		
	2022-0006/P1		Sec. 5311:		Sec. 5311: 2022-0006 P3	Der	nand-response		Fixed-route	2024 Total	2023 Total			
OPERATING EXPENSES:		,			_									
Labor	\$	-	\$	-	\$	69,051	\$	3,410,762	\$	16,207,919 \$	19,687,732	\$ 18,011,587		
Fringe benefits		-		-		43,251		2,125,754		9,786,770	11,955,775	11,418,265		
Services		-		-		58,132		745,211		3,649,346	4,452,689	4,443,595		
Materials and supplies		-		-		19,993		783,532		4,804,699	5,608,224	5,776,599		
Utilities		-		-		-		159,942		696,281	856,223	770,427		
Casualty and liability costs		-		-		16,231		369,017		1,604,885	1,990,133	1,742,382		
Purchased transportation		225,297		120,000		3,828,376		6,236,417		3,494,815	13,904,905	12,520,023		
Other		-		-		10,736		131,442		576,623	718,801	469,989		
Leases and rentals		-		-		-		28,644		105,642	134,286	108,173		
Depreciation								1,019,957		4,871,443	5,891,400	 6,560,034		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$	225,297	\$	120,000	\$	4,045,770	\$	15,010,678	\$	45,798,423 \$	65,200,168	\$ 61,821,074		

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF URBAN REGULAR SERVICE REVENUES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Code	Description	Fixed-route	Den	nand-response	т	otal Urban
401 :	Farebox Revenue					
40100	Passenger Fares	\$ 1,922,810	\$	263,255	\$	2,186,065
40200	Contract Fares	1,493,189				1,493,189
406 :	Auxiliary Transit Revenue					
40615	Advertising Revenue	315,844		-		315,844
407 :	NonTransit Revenue					
40799	Gain on Sale/Disposal of Equipment	11,600		-		11,600
40799	Other NonTransportation Revenue	306,824		-		306,824
408 :	Local Revenue					
40800	Taxes Levied Directly for Transit Agency	29,801,239		8,651,973		38,453,212
409:	Local Revenue					
40910	Local Operating Assistance	1,151,867		334,413		1,486,280
40999	Other Local - Local Match	71,778		-		71,778
411 :	State Formula and Contracts					
41101	State Operating Assistance	13,052,955		4,730,110		17,783,065
413 :	Federal Contracts					
41312	Unified Planning/Capital Cost of Contracting (Sec 5303)	132,306		-		132,306
41361	ARP Act	5,295,797		1,504,100		6,799,897
41399	Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310)	-		128,630		128,630
41399	Other - RTA	2,192,216		-		2,192,216
414 :	Other Revenue					
41400	Interest Income	2,605,810		-		2,605,810
550:	Ineligible Revenue:					
55005	Net unrealized and realized investment gains	(462,376)		-		(462,376)
	Total	\$ 57,891,859	\$	15,612,481	\$	73,504,340

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF URBAN REGULAR SERVICE EXPENSES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

				1		
Code	Description		Fixed-route	Dem	and-response	Total
501: 50101 50102	Labor Operators Salaries & Wages Other Salaries & Wages	\$	9,480,044 6,727,875	\$	1,971,508 1,439,254	\$ 11,451,552 8,167,129
502: 50200 50210 50240	Fringe Benefits Other Fringe Benefits Defined Contribution Pension Defined Contribution OPEB		8,049,530 1,595,313 141,927		1,961,724 150,656 13,374	10,011,254 1,745,969 155,301
503: 50302 50305 50399	Services Advertising Fees Audit Costs Other Services		59,092 53,837 3,536,417		11,878 10,821 722,512	70,970 64,658 4,258,929
504: 50401 50402 50499	Materials and Supplies Fuel & Lubricants Tires & Tubes Other Materials & Supplies		2,398,067 131,247 2,275,385		277,498 25,440 480,594	2,675,565 156,687 2,755,979
505: 50500	Utilities Utilities		696,281		159,942	856,223
506: 50603 50699	Insurance Liability Insurance Other Insurance		1,052,623 552,262		241,798 127,219	1,294,421 679,481
508: 50800	Purchased Transportation Purchased Transportation		3,494,815		6,236,417	9,731,232
509: 50902 50903 50999	Miscellaneous Expenses Travel, Meeting & Training Association Dues & Subscriptions Other Misc. Expenses		119,798 51,056 405,769		26,809 11,426 93,207	146,607 62,482 498,976
512: 51200	Operating Leases & Rentals Operating Leases & Rentals		105,642		28,644	134,286
513: 51300	Depreciation Depreciation		4,871,443		1,019,957	5,891,400
	Total Urban Expenses	\$	45,798,423	\$	15,010,678	\$ 60,809,101
550: 55007 55008 55009 55010	Ineligible Expenses Ineligible Depreciation Ineligible other (bad debt/employee events) Ineligible Association Dues Ineligible Non-transportation Revenue		4,349,457 256,209 8,397 189,642		910,498 - - -	5,259,955 256,209 8,397 189,642
570: 57099 57602 57604	Ineligible Expenses Ineligible - Federal RTA D2A2 Ineligible - Unified Planning (Sec 5303) Ineligible - Enhanced Mobility (Sec 5310)		2,192,216 161,644 -		- - 128,630	2,192,216 161,644 128,630
580: 58050 58050	Ineligible Expenses Ineligible - Postretirement Benefit Revenue Ineligible - Postretirement Benefits Paid		117,182 (31,450)		-	117,182 (31,450)
	Total Ineligible Expenses	\$	7,243,297	\$	1,039,128	\$ 8,282,425
		F	ixed-route		Demand- response	Total
	Total Expenses Total Ineligible Expenses	\$	45,798,423 (7,243,297)	\$	15,010,678 (1,039,128)	\$ 60,809,101 (8,282,425)
	Total Eligible Expenses	\$	38,555,126	\$	13,971,550	\$ 52,526,676

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF NONURBAN REGULAR SERVICE REVENUES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Code	Description	Tot	tal Nonurban
401 : 40100 40200	Farebox Revenue Passenger Fares Contract Fares	\$	143,419
406 : 40615	Auxiliary Transit Revenue Advertising		-
407 : ⁴⁰⁷⁹⁹ 40799	Non-Transit Revenue Gain (Loss) on Sale of Equipment Other Revenue		-
408 : 40800	Local Revenue Taxes Levied Directly for Transit Agency		-
409 : 40910 40999	Local Revenue Local Operating Assistance Other Local		1,493,740
411 : 41101 411	State Formula and Contracts State Operating Assistance Prior Year Formula Adjustments		1,630,417
413 : 41301	Federal Contracts 5311		429,694
414 : 41400	Other Revenue Interest Revenue Other		-
	Total	\$	3,697,270

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF NONURBAN REGULAR SERVICE EXPENSES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Code	Description	Deman	d Response Total
501: 50102	Labor Other Salaries & Wages	\$	69,051
502: 50200 50210 50240	Fringe Benefits Other Fringe Benefits Defined Contribution Pension Defined Contribution OPEB		36,137 6,812 302
503: 50305	Services Other Services		58,132
504: 50499	Materials and Supplies Other Materials & Supplies		19,993
506: 50699	Insurance Other Insurance		16,231
508: 50800	Purchased Transportation Purchased Transportation		3,828,376
509: 50999	Miscellaneous Expenses Other Misc. Expenses		10,736
550: 570:	Ineligible Expenses Ineligible Expenses		-
		Total Expenses \$	4 045 770

Total Expenses Total Ineligible Expenses	\$ 4,045,770
Total Eligible Expenses	\$ 4,045,770

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - URBAN AND NONURBAN SERVICE NONFINANCIAL INFORMATION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

PUBLIC SERVICE - URBAN FIXED-ROUTE

Code	Description	Total
610	Vehicle Hours	345,334
611	Vehicle Miles	6,177,800

PUBLIC SERVICE - URBAN DEMAND RESPONSE

Code	Description	Total
610	Vehicle Hours	61,559
611	Vehicle Miles	857,656

PUBLIC SERVICE - NONURBAN DEMAND RESPONSE

Code	Description	Total
610	Vehicle Hours	68,278
611	Vehicle Miles	833,486

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF OPERATING ASSISTANCE CALCULATION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Urban					
	Fixed-Route Demand Response		nand Response	Nonurban		
Total Expenses		45,798,423	\$	15,010,678	\$	4,045,770
Less Ineligible Expenses:						
Federal Planning (Section 5303, w/Local Match)		161,644		-		
Federal and State Depreciation Expense		4,349,457		910,498		
Federal Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310)		-		128,630		
State Enhanced Mobility (Section 5310)		-		-		
Federal and State Preventive Maintenance		-		-		
Federal and State Capital Cost of Contracting		-		-		
Federal RTA D2A2		2,192,216				
Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Accrual		117,182		-		
Post-Retirement Medical Benefits Paid		(31,450)		-		
Other revenue		189,642		-		
Other expenses (bad debts, ineligible interest)		256,209		-		
Association Dues (Ineligible Portion)		8,397		-		
Total Ineligible Expenses	\$	7,243,297	\$	1,039,128	\$	-
Total State Eligible Expenses	\$	38,555,126	\$	13,971,550	\$	4,045,770
Eligible Expenses for State Reimbursement	\$	38,555,126	\$	13,971,550	\$	4,045,770
x Reimbursement Percentage		33.8553%		33.8553%		40.2993%
State Operating Assistance	\$	13,052,955	\$	4,730,110	\$	1,630,417
Total Operating Assistance - Urban			\$	17,783,065		

Total Federal Eligible Expenses

Total Eligible Expenses for State Reimbursement	\$ 4,045,770
Less: Ineligible Auditing Expenses	16,000
Eligible Expenses for Federal Reimbursement	\$ 4,029,770
x Reimbursement Percentage	18%
Eligible expenses	725,359
Less expenses over the capped funding	 (295,665)
Federal Operating Assistance (Section 5311)	\$ 429,694

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF OPERATING ASSISTANCE CALCULATION AND NONFINANCIAL INFORMATION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

A. ITEMS REIMBURSED BY FEDERAL GRANTS

Items reimbursed directly by federal operating and capital grants, including Sections 5303 and 5310, are deducted from total expenses in arriving at the net eligible expense total.

B. FEDERAL AND STATE DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE

Depreication and amortization incurred on assets funded with state and federal grants is an ineligible expense pursuant to State of Michigan regulations. The depreciation expense included to be reimbursed with State Formula Assistance Funds only includes assets purchased with local funds where the useful life of the asset has been approved by the Michigan Department of Transportation, Bureau of Passenger Transportation.

C. POSTRETIREMENT MEDICAL BENEFITS PLAN EXPENSE

The amount of postretirement medical benefits accrued under the provisions of GASB No. 75 are ineligible expenses. The amount paid for postretirement medical benefits during the current year are eligible and are therefore subtracted out from the ineligible expenses.

D. OTHER REVENUES

Other income includes other miscellaneous income such as lost ID fees or Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) fees paid. These items are subtracted out as ineligible expenses.

E. ADVERTISING

Advertising revenues are earned from displaying advertising materials on Authority vehicles and are recorded net of expenses associated with equipping the vehicles with advertising media by a third party. Therefore, advertising revenues are not subtracted as ineligible expenses.

F. OTHER EXPENSE

Other expenses includes bad debt expense, property tax write-offs, and any other miscellaneous expense that is ineligible for state operating assistance. These costs are subtracted as ineligible expenses.

G. ASSOCIATION DUES

The amounts disallowed represent a percentage of the annual dues paid to the American Public Transit Association and the Michigan Public Transit Association. It was determined that these organizations devote a portion of their efforts, 11.0% and 13.60%, respectively, to influencing legislation which is not eligible for reimbursement according to the Uniform Guidance issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

H. MILEAGE INFORMATION

The methodology used for compiling mileage and other nonfinancial information used to allocate costs has been reviewed and found to be an adequate and reliable method.